Vol. VII-WHOLE No. 372

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTIMBER 13, 1828.

Terme, 82 in advence.

ORIGINAL POETRY. ADDRESS TO NATURE.

O lovely Nature ! yet a little while, And I shall cease upon thy charms to smile; Som on my sight will fade thy vernal bloom, And on my senses die thy rich perfume.

A few more golden clouds may gild the sky, A few more suns may brighten on my eye;
Then on thy charms no more these eyes will dwell, This glowing breast no more with rapture swell, Beneath the magic influence of thy pow'r, At morning's dawn or evening's pensive hour. Those stars of heaven which now in glory burn, Shall pour their light on my sepalchral urn ; That gentle moon, which I so oft have lov'd To gaze upon, as on her course she mov'd, And pour'd her mild and penaive rays around, O'er the far hills and solemn woods that bound (Fer the far fails and solemn woods that sound The distant prospect, soon shall shed her light O'er the lone hills or distant mountain height, Unbeeded by these eyes, which oft could gaze In sient gladness on her passive rays.

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eir friend letare mi a gencza rs, Russia et Springs,

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Soon, lovely Nature! whether Summer smiles Over thy placed lakes and verdant isles. heaves its wild and billowy snows, Or Spring's young breath calls forth the early rose, Or Autumn's mild and mulaneholy voice Speaks to the soul of long departed joys, I halt no longer beed the passing change; Soon shall I cease with rich delight to range Over thy meads, where first awakes the bloom O thousand flow're, all redoient with perfume; Some shall I go to join the mighty train O'those whose eyes no longer smile or weep, Sodeeply hushed in death's long, dreamless ale

Yet, lovely Nature! while I travel on, Tet, lovely Nature I while I travel on, Along the paths of time till life is gone, Still will love thee: oft thy inorning light for evening beauty shall my steps invite. To wander, with one lov'd sompanion, where Thy notes of music float upon the sir, To gaze upon thy sun's resplicated beam, To trave the windless of the sir. To true the windings of the mountain stream. To view the easeades springing down the strep, To climb the mighty cliffs that seem to keep Towe thy fields in morning radiance glow, Tower the moonhams sleeping on the lawn, To hear the notes that uther in the dawn, To riew thy changing glories rise and fall, And mark the hand of God, who made them all.

AN ODE TO THOUGHT. "Imagination is the Paphian shop Where feeble happiness like Vulesn lame, Ride foul ideas, in their dark recess. With wanton art, those fatal arrows form Which murder all thy time, health, wealth a On angel wing descending from shove." Young.

Ye sweet companions of my losely hours, That from thy sceret, hidden cells arise, Gladdening the mind's drear waste with

flow'rs;
The feasting soul with intellectual joys, Breathing sweet accents of serone delight, Like scraph songs upon the ear at night. Ye soothing ministers! ye glorious train! Celestial visitants that hover o'er Cresial visitants that hover o'er.
The soil's and moments, and its griefs enchain,
In hope's bright bondage—happiness in store,
Manting each sorrow in a future joy,

And Death's cold sleep in-immortality. Eternal fountain, that forever flows Unecasing still from thy mysterious springs; Gushing in torrents of the deepest woes,
Or gentle streams that richest pleasure brings,
Unfiding sunbeam of the inmost mind!
Effulgent day-light of the mental blind!—

And yet, the' victue revels in thy beam, Vice, as the horrors of some dreadful dream Like midnight spectres at th' approach of light, Vanish their joys beneath thy aulis sight.

Ye are not phantoms of the giddy brainantastic visions by the fancy led-Dim phantasies of air, that of thy reign, And o'er our slumbers their debusion spread-And yet, ye breathe suriferous feelings o'er The mind's sweet sleep, that, waking -are no more

What are ye then !- and Oh! where do ye dwell? a the deep eaverns of the feeting soul?

Mid thousand chords that each emotion swell h these, your temples, and at your control? Is the dark chambers of the hidden heart! "Mid garner'd treasures, griefs—that ye impart?

0s, some ye on the pinions of the temb, When night has wrapt in shades the slumb'ring earth, Waiting in secret thro' the realms of mind Thoughts of Cerulean or of Stygian birth! Paining black horrors to each trembling fear, Or charms Circean to the memory dear !

Ye are not mortal, no !--mortality but death's shadow, and the fleeting sun Of life, its zenith will approaching nigh, Melts it to nothing-it is here-'tis gone ! Not so your being, your unquenched ray B. suss undiminished thro' eternity!—

Are so then future—past, or present? no— But like them all, ye lift oblivion's veil, Explore futurity, its acts to know; And mark the present with its passing tale !

Restless, untiring, theo' Creation's sphere, (Unbounded regions,) rove ye yet are here

THE CHRISTIAN. There was a man who liv'd to God, Despite of curth and heli; With pains, the narrow path he trad, Pains that no tongue sen tell. Fightings without and fears within, Had acarty made him quail;-Fightings with all the force of sin, And fear that he should full.-But God reveal'd himself in love, And made him beir of joys shore.

Thou sang the pilgrim on his way, Though all around was night,— Sang of the light of endless day, And all the sons of light.

Weary—he sang of heavenly rest, In acknow—sang of health; In wees—of Ahraham's praceful breast, In povesty—of wealth.
Of worlth, perce, health, rest, saints and day, Where heaven shall all its charms display Where'er he went, he sang of grace,

Where er he went, he sang of grace, And shew'd the guilt of sin; Beauty was round his dwelling place, And happiness within. Then hate and maline pour'd their spite, And mobs, led on by pride, Destroy'd his dwelling from the eight,

His comforts scatter'd wide i But all was right that God would give, And Jesus died that he might live. Bound to the stake for Jesu's came.

He sang acrophic laya; He sang acrophic laya; Satan destroy'd his earthly frame, His soul was fill'd with praise. Visions of bliss upon him broke, He saw the murter's erown ;-Jesus unto his spirit spoke,

And call'd him to the throne A member of the glorious hand, He triumphs one at God's right hand. ELIA.

THE MORALIST.

GOD SEES ME.

GOD SEES ME.

Persons inclined to the sin of stealing, are satisfied if they can only be certain they shell not be discovered. I once heard it related, that a man who was in the habit of going to a neighbor's cornfield, to steal the cars, one day took with him his son, a bey of eight years of age.—
The father told him to hold the bag, while he looked if any one was near to see him. After standing on the fence, and peeping through all the corn rows, he returned to take the bag from the child, and began his guilty work. "Father," said the boy, "you forgot to look somewhere else." The man dropt the bag in affright, and said, "which way, child?" supposing he had seen some one. "You forgot to look up to the sky, to see if God was noticing you."—The father felt this reproof of the child so much, that he left the corn, returned home, and never again ventured to steal; remembering the truth his child had taught him, that the eye of God al-ways beholds us. "God sees me," is a thought that would keep us from evil acts, if we tried constantly to feel its truth.

There is a dead pause in affliction which is dreadful. As long as we have to act, to axert ourselves, even though those exertions may be painful, still they are more bearable than sitting down quietly with grief, without any thing to look to. When day after day passes the same, and when, at last, from the assences of our thoughts and feelings, even suffering has no longer power to affect us, our tears cease to flow, though the heart within is breaking.

such relations, we are seldom inclined to analyze them, though the heart within is breaking.

DREAD OF DEATH

Is a common symptom in nervous diseases, and is here considered with regard to its influence on health. In these cases, it seems rather to spoil life than to destroy it. "Not only the child, but even the young man, till thirty, neverices is that he is mortal; but after forty, man's thoughts are much occupied by the inevitable prospect, and most of us have our little crops of consolation to protect us from the fear of it.—Those of authors come out in their works. One of the most remarkable is a little essay on death, by Lord Bacon; not that in his casays, but towards the end of his works near his will. The curate of a London parish, who has great experience of death-bed scenes, was asked how pooleg generally meet their end. And the answer was, "either they wish for it as a relief from suffering, or they are not conscious of it." Even Dr. Johisson, who dreaded death so much at a distance, seems to have feared it as little on its arrival as other people; and we bolieve, that to many persons with right views, who have had a liberal allowance of sickness and sorrow, death becomes an object not so much of apprehension as of curiosity and interest. This state of mind is not only nacessary for our confort during health, but for our safety during sickness. One of the most able physicians alive once said, that in the most dangerous illness, cateris paribus, a christian would have a better chance of recovery than an unbeliever; that religious resignation was a better soothing medicine than poppy, and a better cordial than ether. Dr. Reing dives a similar opinion in the following passage:—

The habitual horror which thus overshadows the mind, darkens the little daylight of life.—An inaddigence in this morbid excess of apprehension of the most able physicians alive once said, that in the most dangerous illness, cateris paribus, a christian would have a better chance of recovery than an unbeliever; that religious res

SOCIAL INTERCOURSE.

We should make it a principle to extend the hand of fellowship to every man who discharges faithfully his daily duties, who maintains good order—who manifests a deep interest in the welfare of society—whose deportment is appright—and whose united in stelligent, without stopping to ascertain whether he swings a harmer, or draws a thread. There is nothing more distant from all natural rule and natural claim, than the reluctant feeling—the backward sympathy—the forced smile—the checked conversation—the hesitating compliance, which the well off are tee apt to manifest to those a little lower down with whom, in comparison of intellect and principles of virtue, they frequently shrink into insignificance.

HOUSES IN JAPAN.

HOUSES IN JAPAN.

The houses of the Japanese are the antipodes of those of the ancient Egyptians, and the inhabitants of the Hauran. While the latter, always aiming at massiveness and durability, constructed their dwellings of hugo stones, and roofed them with the same materials, you here see upon the little green knolls that skirt the road, delicate little habitations of fine wood, or even of paper. But their light and graceful structure, and their gilded ormanents, glittering in the auto, give them the air of fairy dwellings, which the very breath of heaven might dissolve.

POPULATION AND JOURNALS. A curious and detailed statement of the population of the various towns, cities, and countries of the world, accompanies with a correspondent statement of the number of periodical publications, appears in the last number of the Renue Encyclopedique. The general result to which the calculator comes, as follows:—

Anglo-Americas confedera-		Number Journale.
of North America, English monarchy, Total of the states of English origin, Total of all the other states in	11,000,000 142,180,000	600 878
	153,190,000	1,578
	883,230,000	1,790

AFRICAN SANDS.

AFRICAN SANDS.
Capt. Beachy makes the following remarks upon the drifting of sands in Africa:
We are not inclined to attribute quite so much to the overwhelming properties of sand as many other travellers have done; and we do not think that the danger of being actually buried will appear, on consideration, to be altogether so great to those whe are crossing sandy deserts as writers of high respectability have asserted. The sand which encounters a body is motion, would pass it, we should imagine, without accumulation; and the quantity which might even be heaped upon sleepers could scarcely be more than they might easily shake off in waking.—We shudder at the dreadful accounts which have been recorded of whole caravans and whole armies destroyed by these formidable waves of the desert: and when our pity is strongly excited by outh relations, we are seldom inclined to analyze them very deeply. But a little reflection would probably convince us that many of them are greatly exaggerated—some, because the writers believed what they related, and some

PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL COATE ATKINSON, No. 112 CHESNUT STREET, BETWEEN THIRD & POURTH STREETS, AND DIRECTLY OPPOSITE TO THE POST-OFFICE-TY COUNTING-ROOM ON HUDSON'S ALLEY, FLY AWAY PRETTY MOTH! A PAVOURITE BALLAD.



Lake George is 34 miles long, and its greatest to breadth 4. At the south end it is only about one mile broad; and the greatest depth is 60 fathers. The water is remarkable for its purity over it a shaning light, the place seems one of the most mild and beautiful on earth; but if he should have an opportunely to witness the service between the bettom. It contains trout, base and perch. There are deer in the neighbouring forest. The outlet which leads to Lake Champlain contains the service of the most mild and desolate mountaine, it will east to have lost its original character, and to present only the sublime and the terrible

three large falls and rapids. The lake uever and to present only the sublime and the terrible rises more than two feet.

The three best points of view are at Fort George, a place north of Shelving Rock, 14 thus charming accerty; but no exertion of art miles, and another at Sabbath-day point, 21 can produce any thing fit to be called a resemble, from the head of the Lake. The last blance of such a noble exhibition of the grand and beautiful features of creation.

we a netter mothing medican than pepping a similar spainor in the following passages:

"The labrical process which the recording was a similar spainor in the following passages:

"The labrical process which the recording was a similar point of the staff of marchit, had be surrounded with the recording was a similar point of the staff of marchit, had be surrounded with the staff of marchit, had been surrounded with the staff of marchit, he didn't to desire the staff of marchit, he didn't

BURNING OF AN AMPHITMEATRE.

"Rome was an ocuan of feme. Height and depth were covered with red surges, that relied before the blast like an endlose fide.—The billows burst up the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills, which they have made in the sides of the hills with the sides of the hills.

then lost all respect of conditions. One describes of mass of miserable life, irresistable from its waistly crushed by the narrow streets, and escribed by the dames over their heads, celled themselves agrees like on endient streets of black lars.

"The fire had orginally broken out ones the Palatine, and het embles that wrapped and help blinded us, hung thick as night spen the wreak of pavilions and pulscos; het the destenity and hawwhelpe of the jumplicable guide were described on. It was in vain that Lineitad one hawwhelpe of this terrible traveres. He present his hand on his heart, in re-assurance of heads of his terrible traveres. He present his hand on his heart, in re-assurance of help buildings, whose gloomy and solid attreaght second to bid defiance to chance and time. A cademy pil appalled me. A ring of fite swept reseal in summit; burning cardage, shoots of cancer, and a shower of all things cambustible, few into the air above our heads. An uproor followed, while had over heard, a hideous misture of howls, shrights and grouns. The fames relied down the marrow street before us, and easie the passage heart to increase heart. While we heet inted, a huge fragment of the building heaved, as if an earthquake, and fortunately for us fall inwards. The whole some of terrer was the open. The greet amphitheatre of Satilize Taurahade away the week of the street was the open. The greet amphitheatre of fatilize Taurahade away the sends. The whole some of there hards the recefron the ground to the roof, I streed in unspeahade away the sumbar that the street heart is a summary to a summary before the capacity of fire. At length a descending blast eleared away the smeller than the street heart is the recefron the ground to the roof, I streed in unspeahade have and wonder un the side of the considerable was and wonder to the capacity of fire. At length a descending blast eleared away the smeller had been to the considerable to encape, or had determined to an impassable harrier of fire. They beauted having round and fro

"I've been roaming—I've been roaming," over flowery hills, through woody valleys; over dusty roads, and through squeeue swamps; up crags and down steeps, ontil I have been obliged, from the continual aching of my benes, to have recourse to a bottle of opedeldoe, which is, in my humble opinion, the fistest external remedy for bruised flesh, particularly when a person has come to the last stage. It is nobody's havings which we I've heer reasungs; I have son has come to the last slage. It is nobedy's business which way I've been roaming; I have vinted the four cardinal points—aye, many! I have even ber'd the compass—but my last trip beats all my former perigrinations; gape set, good sit! I have just returned from a journey of ten miles into the interior of the country.

a communation which is shed, I'd get a rope popy on noundly poundly! Pray for the hide and tallow of

"La! su, ... in ther child don't trouble you we've gotten our own sexts, and hamt no notice of being putten under destrictions by no un.

of being potten under destrictions by no 'an."

raplied the fat lady.

"I teell you what, ma'am," anamered my here,
who began to be rather surly, "I feel no inelimation to enter into a childfah controversy with
at famile, for I never gained any thing by it. I
am hackener, and you are far too gross for me,
for I never expossed the cause of Greer, though
I am friendly to universal liberty. Pray, can
you tell me ma'am," continued he, rubbing ha
you tell me ma'am," continued he, rubbing ha
you tell me ma'am," continued he, rubbing
hy willing to change the subject, "why is inenpacity like Baltimore in a night-cap!"

"I never could make out them 'ere commondram's, sir," answered the fat lady.

"Why, madam, because it's in-cap-a-city."

"That's stale, mister," waid an Irishunan who
sat beside noe, and who a motion before appaced to be in a brown study, probably calculating the amount of a year's labour upon the
Baltimere and Ohio rail road; "that's stale, by
the mother of Mozes, an' plaine your honor, but
the amother of Mozes, an' plaine your honor, but
the amother of Mozes, an' plaine your honor, but
the The

Baltimere and Olio rail road; "that's scale, by the mother of Moses, an' plaine your honor, but I could make a better one than that myself.— Why is the rail road like an Irishmon!—wull ye give it up!—bekam it can get seer ills by staining it."

you are a happy mant-for some say it is a torment to ride in one of the opposition line—neck or rought, away they go, like wild rablets on the full cry of a pack of bounds—the devil take the hindmost. Sir, you do not know the real de-

retice lettre?"—and ren be give me con from the daughtere!—dann! I could pull his more vising finger an' tun, and make him visite him de harp of de vinds! My daughtere bring-a my gray haire on top of de grave in corrow—also nevere know how much her farder love her—"

Here the baby interrupted the Frenchman in his pathetic story by a sympathetic squall which lasted until the gentle full by of the fond mother restored it to partial tranquility.

"Hush a by baby, on the tree-top, When the wind blows the craile will rock; When the timb breaks the craile will fall, Down comes haby, and cradic and all."

Down comes beby, and cradle and all?"

Fa-diddle-de-de-" exclaimed he of the spectacles, biting he lips with veration, "I tell you what, ma'am, I wish you and your deary-peary were whiting together in a water wheel, with a "Down comes mother and baby and all!" My nerves are delicate, and there's nothing that shocks them so quick as a woman's voice. A woman has in some ; the sense of seving, smell-ing, tasting, touching, hearing and tatting; but she lacks cosmon sense. She sees all the faults of her heapithours, but is blind to their virtues— she tells what they are to have fur dinner by the smell of their kitcheus she tastes the sweet meats but to condemn them as far infector to her own—she souther her friends check to find if she paints—she Acare their stores but to repeat them with tenfold weight—and she tuttles for the sake of mischief and being considered of impertance among those who do not know her You may call me an old snatter—but good women are as easter as good oysters in Baltimore basin; you may rake for them a long white, and when you have them, they're not worth eating."

Here the stage, by its marry rattle over the stones of the streets, drowned the voice of the old backelor—and we soon partied at the door of neats but to condemn them as far inferior to her

old bachelor -and we soon parted at the door of the hutel.

een carefully made, and is an article of

1. Middleses Canal .- This has been finished and in operation for several years; its length is 29 1.2 miles; it has 136 feet of lockage. It runs from Buston harbour to Chelmaford, in this particular to the lockage of the particular of th

Blackstone Canal This undertaking is not yet finished, but is in rapid progress. Its length is 45 miles, from Worcester, Mass. to Pro-

T. Senece Canal.—Completed; its length 20 miles, connecting the Senece and Cayuga Lakes with Hudson and Eric Canal.

S. Delaware and Hudson Canal.—Length 65 miles, from Delaware in Orange monty, to

10

pears roly pody in the time from Philadelphia to the Ohio, at Pittsburgh, and may be considered parts of the same great contemporaries.

21. Ohio and Eric Canal.

21. Ohio and Kris Canal.—Jts length 213
miles, from Patisburgh to Erie, on Lake Erie.
22. Delaware Canal.—This will run from
Philadelphia to meet the Delaware and Hudson
canal. It has already been begon.
28. James and Kenhawha Canal.—This will
run from Richmond to Kenhawha.
24. Dismal Sucamp Canal.—Finished; length
23 miles, from near the wouth of James river to
Albemarke Sound.

Albemarks Sound.

26. Leutsville Canal.—In progress; length 3 miles, to pass the rapids near Louisville, Kon-

3 miles, to pass the rapids near Louwville, Kentucky.

26. Santee Conal.—In progress; length 130 miles, from Columbia by the Broad and Saladarivers to Cambridge, and from the Santee to Charleston.

27. Savennah and Altamaha Canal.—Length 66 miles, from Savannah to Altamaha.

The preceding statement gives the names of ten canals, which have been completed by our enterprising countrymen. These ten traverse a space of 147 miles. Elevan other canals have been commenced, schae of which will probably be Enished before the year closes. The whole distance, which the several canals naw in probe finished before the year closes. The whole distance, which the several canals now in progress towards completion are expected to extend, is 1644 miles. The remaining seven, whose names and intended location are given in the above has, are calculated to reach 430 miles. The total extent which all these will reach, is 2821 miles, nearly equal to the distance from this place to Lendon.

The subject of Rad Roads has attracted much less attention that Canals. But even Rail Roads have not been overlooked.

Thus we proceeded full of glee and merriment; it was only the poor Frenchman that at periods booked downcast, but every new pinch of soulf should so often did be make draft upon his tabin and so often did be make draft upon his tabin is about 8 miles from Boston; team to hear in should should so the contents. "Sir," said the eriginal to him, "if you were asked, what would you name as the greatest misery in he."

"Miscrief! I should say vis my mouts, dann' "Miscrief! I should say vis my mouts, dann' at die de grandest misere to ride in a not quick stage-coach."

That is all that constitute real toisery, for that is all that constitute real toisery, for miles from Buston to the Rudger. I should so the for some say it is a tormore. (2 miles; from Buston to the Rudger. (2 miles; from Buston

mitton of misery." "I do not know miserse'-dame.'-I have you LONDON FEMALE FASHIONS

"I do not know miserie! —damq!—I have von ungrateful daughtere—von shild which I love vid all my soul—she leave me for von acteute-man, and vis him she forget her pauvre farder! I go to the post-nikes and I axo for some hillst from my shild, ree man say "what is you name!" I will him—and he mention, "dare is none"—I go home; two, tree day I come 'gen—no billet tome gen—no billet. I say at fast—"darm, bare, see gazette say you have von lettre for me hare, see gazette say you have von lettre for me hare, lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and ren he give me von from before the lettre!"—and the deltre!

Length Daras.—A dress of white crape, beautifully enderodered in various colours, forming a broad berder, on a hear which terre back, which pents at the edge, to indied by a narrow realess of white satin. The embrodiety connected beautiful wreals of natural flowers, Letting in elegantly drooping branches, from one continued wreath, just to neath the points above described. The morang a la Swigne, and is of white gaps de Naples, with crape drapery across the bast, which is drawn together to the cratter by an antique brook of justice, they are a la Marie, come only just help with the choose, where they terminate in a double raffle of blood. A beret of gause constitutes to head dress, which is white, with spots of ruby and of emerals green. Egrettes of inshers of the same colours, are tartently disposed on the bret, as consensuit. The car rings are of rubes, and the neghines is of very delicate chain work of gold, in featones, which are each cought up alternately, by a ruby and a tarquoise store. The bracelets are of gold, batened by a large turquoise set round with filegree gold.

GENTLEMEN'S FASHIONS FOR AUGUST.

Walking Direas.—A dark given superfine cost, made pouble breasted; the collar full, and wide in front, with ravy bread lappels, to turn three holes; one button-hole is left open at the button, to make it set gracefully on the hips, as when the cost is buttoned at the button, it continues the shirts, and noskes the former leak stiff and smeary. The sheeres are an jigot, but light at the writts, to cover wristbands of the shirt. The shirts are not quite so wide as they have been worn, and descend three quarters down the thighs. The waistcost is white Marcellin; single breasted, and small round coller; it is listtoned about four holes, so as to show the chemias. The pantaloons Anglo Merino; made tight to the shape all the way down, with our raised scan up the The following brief sketch, from the YEOMAN'S GARLETTS, of the CANALS and RAIL
ROADS, finished, conductored, or intended,
in the UNITED STATES, appears to have
been carefully made, and is an article of portination.

Morning Dress. A dark thocolate superfine am-

length is 45 miles, from Worcester, Mass. to Providence, R. I.

8. Farmington Canal.—This is unfinished Length 17 miles, from Northampton, Mass. to New Haven, Com.

4. Hudson and Eric Canal.—This is more ration. Length 393 miles, from Albany to Butfale, N. Y.

5. Champlain Canal.—Completed; length 63 miles, from Albany to Butfale, No. V.

6. Champlain Canal.—Completed; length 63 miles, from Albany to Whitehall.

6. Ourcego Canal.—Completed; length 63 miles, from Albany to Whitehall.

6. Ourcego Canal.—Completed; length 63 miles, from Albany to Whitehall. 6. Champlain Canal.—Completed, length 63 miles, from Albany to Windehall.
6. Ourege Canal.—Completed; length 33 miles, from Salina to Oscongo, connecting the Hudson and Gree Canal with Lake Ontago.

tion of the long established principles of the Society, virtually dissolved the compact between them; and that, in order to replace the Society on its original basis, it was absolutely necessary to disclaim all connexion as a religious community with such disorderly members. This, most certainly, Friends had a right to do; and in so doing, can it, with any show of propriety or justice, he said that they forfeited their claim to the title of the Society, or to a proper share of ras privileges! They maintain the same form of discipline that has long subsisted in the Society, they are the same docrines—but because they have withdrawn from intercourse with form of discipline that has long subsisted in the Suciety; they are the same docrines—but be-cause they have withdrawn from intercourse with those who had, in fact, rendered themselves in-communicable with them, by reason of their arro-gant assumption of exclusive rights, they are to be designated by the opprobrious spithet of sepa-ratists. Could any thing be more absurd, or re-volting to the feelings of every sensible and re-Again, the Orthodox allege that they have in

stituted a suit at law for the express purpose of determining the question at issue—of ascertaining to which party the title of "The Society of Friends" properly belongs. But mark the inconsistency into which they have fallen. They have themselves holdly decided the point—they have anticipated an adjudication in their own fa-or, and, on the faith of this assumption, have denied to their opponents all claim to the name of Friends, and have refused to them the enjoy-ment of those benefits and privileges consequent on a claim so established. Would it not have ment of those benefits and privileges consequents as claim so established. Would it not have been much more becoming had they suspended all offensive measures till the law had spoken authoritatively in the case! It would certainly have been much more dignified and humane, not to say more christian. But it would seem as if they were desirous to conceal the deformity and injustice of their conduct by asserting the plea. orrect principles, than obstinately to persevere a the course they have adopted, when the conreditable to any body of men calling themselves eligious. Disguise it as we may, the nature the principles by which we are influenced clearly discoverable from the character of our results—be those results apparently ever so far removed from the original ground of action.

By their fruits ye shall know them."

Mr. Christian Fox, a weaver in Green street Mr. Christian Fox, a worver in order street, went on Friday afternoon to visit his friend, Mr. John Streckbine, who resided on the Point-no-Point Road, taking he gun with him. The two friends amwed themselves for some time with sporting on the banks of the Delaware. When her were preparing to return to the farm house hey were preparing to return to the farm house, Mr. Fox made a motion to discharge the load from his gun. Mr. Streckbine told hun that was onnecessary. Probably they would see a flock of birds, in passing up to the house. No theck was seen, and Mr. Fox entered the house with his gun loaded. After supper, Mr. Fox prepared to depart, and, while engaged in conversation with the family, rested his gun on his arm. It went off, while in this position, and the whole of the contents entered the abdomen of Mr. Streckbine. He died in a short time afterwards.

Streckbine. He died in a short time afterwards. Mr. Fox, who is, as may naturally be suppo-ed, greatly distressed, voluntarily surrendered dunself up on Saturday morning, to Mr. Wolbert, he Police Magistrate of the Northern Liberties, order that the circumstances of the affair may adergo a legal investigation, -Phil. Gaz.

The notorious Joseph F. Pluymart, who re-ently broke jail at Pittsburg, after a conviction or robbing the bank at that place, was arrested few days since at Easton, Pa. and conveyed few days since at Easton, ra. and and fully New York, where he was examined and fully

gious, should wrest from the larger those privised leges which ought to be common to both? This leges which ought to be common to both? This principle, if it were carried to its full extent, would lead to the subversion of every hobbe attribute that pertains to civil and religious liberty. It is in positive contravention of the genius and temper, and acknowledged principles of the excellent form of government under which we have the happiness to live.

The Orthodox contend that their opponents have colontarily withdrawn from the Society of Friends. The latter desy this assertion in total total mate ends of every free and beneficent form of government, that, being the majority, they are in fact the "Society of Friends;" that the others are the actual seceders, having, by their arbitrary and partial course of proceeding in the exercise of disciplinary power, and in total violation of the long established principles of the Society of the long of the long established principles of the Society of the time, being the majority, they are in fact the "Society of Friends;" that the others are the actual seceders, having, by their arbitrary and partial course of proceeding in the exercise of disciplinary power, and in total violation of the long established principles of the Society of the long the society of the long the long the long three latest the society of the long the long three latest the latest the society of the long the long three latest the society of the long the long

The eight hundred and eighty-five dollars which was advertised as lost some days ago was, as we are informed, actually taken out of the loser's bank-book in the Mechanics' Bank the loser's bank-book in the Mechanics' Bank. The boy went to the Bank to draw a check: while in the act of so doing, he laid the book on the counter—removed a few steps from it, and saw a person with his elbow learning on or over it, and when he returned, he discovered a part of the money hanging out: this alarmed him; he went immediately to the door, but the person was no where to be seen. He did not actually discover the loss of his money till he wont to make a deposit. These circumstances he has make a deposit. These circumstances he has withheld from his employer until now, fearing his resentment; and it was owing to this that i was advertised as lost.—Com. Adv.

The funeral of General THEODORE BAILEY, The funeral of General THEODORE BALLEY, was attended on Sunday afternoon, by a large concourse of citizens, from his late residence in Park Place, New York. His death occurred on Saturday morning. Preparations had been made for an excursion into the country, with some of his friends. He was seized with apopleay, after his servant had been despatched for a carriage to take him to the steam boat, and in a few hours he breathed his last.

An action, for a breach of promise of marriage, was tried, on Monday, in the Superior Court, at New-York, in which the jury, having been told by Judge Hoffman at the case was not one requiring exem plary damages, awarded the plaintiff the sum of fifteen hundred dollars. The parties had ided in the same house for about seven years: the plaintiff, who is about twenty-three years of age, was occupied in needle work, and the defendant, who is about two years older, employed as clerk to a grocer,

In New York, on Monday, as a little colored lad was proceeding from a Connecticut sloop, with a parasol in his hand, he was stopped by two fellows, who accused him of having stolen it, and endeavored to take it away. This he resisted, until a gentleman, who was passing at the time, suggested the propriety of all parties going to the Police, and having the affair fully nvestigated. There being no possibility of get-ing out of this dilemna, the parties were com-pelled to appear at the City Hall, and there one of the two, availing himself of the non-attention of the officers, thought it the more prudent to retire, and leave his friend to settle the affair.— The boy having made an affidavit of the circumstance, the remaining fellow, who gave his name John Williams, having nothing to say in his defence, and in default of bail, was fully com-

The S. B. Benj. Franklin, com. Bunker, arrive on Friday afternoon last at Providence which she left on Saturday morning, and reached Bos-ton (around Cape Cod, about 200 miles) in 17 hours and 54 minutes. On Monday she was to be open for visitors, on Tuesday to go to Salem, and on Wednesday make an excursion among the islands in Boston Bay.

EXTRAORDINARY FRESHET.

The heavy rains of the last week, says the Hartford Mercury of the 9th instant, have swellen the Connecticut to a height never before known by our oldest inhabitants, at this season of the year. This beautiful atream, whose waters but a day or two since were quietly meandering their course to the ocean, now wears the aspect of a troubled sea, bearing upon its perturbed bosom the fragments of bridges, lumber, wood, fences, &c. &c. The water commenced rising on Thursday, and on Sunday morning had reached the astonishing height of twenty-five feet above low water mark! The memorable flood of 1801, although the water then rose several feet higher than it now is, cannot, in its devolating effects, be compared with the freshet of the present season. To attempt an estimate of the loss sustained, would be an idle task—the len the Connecticut to a height never before Two young women, about eighteen or twenty years of age, between eight and nine o'clock, last night, went down to Girard's wharf with supper for a watchman. One of them, Mary Ann Vandershee, slipped off the plank, and is supposed to have struck her head against the fertile valley of the Connecticut, are entired by destroyed. We have heard of damage being by destroyed. We have heard of damage being by destroyed. We have heard of damage being by destroyed.

Governor Metcalfe was sworn into office at Frankfort, Kentucky, on Tuesday, the 26th ult. He was excerted into town by a large concourse of citizens under a federal salute, and repaired to the Methodist Church, where he was courted into the Methodist Church, where he was courted into the Methodist Church, where he was courted in the stairs leading to a room different from the one in which he was to be confined. On the Methodist Church, where he was courted in an address made by J. W. Denny, Esq. The Governor, in his reply, stated here. to the Methodist Church, where he was congra-tulated in an address made by J. W. Denny, Esg. The Governor, in his reply, stated his de-termination to be the Governor of the State, and not of a party. The oaths of office were within reach, Welf knocked him down. Col. Weatt, the paler, then drew a pistoly and shout ten

with Hallous and Ex-Const.

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A walk through our market this morning con-vinced us more than ever of the sulpable indo-lence of the people in this neighborhood in regard to fruit. Peaches were selling at \$1.50, and pears at \$1 per peck. For large yellow peaches the price was four cents each! Can this be as-cribed to any thing but want of enterprise and care! Has any landholder within reach of mar-ket a right to complain of hard times if he can get even \$0 cents per peck for peaches, to the growth of which both his soil and climate are congenial!—American Farmer.

growth of which both his soil and climate are congenial?—American Farmer.

A correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette states it as his opinion, that the disease known in the South by the name of Dengue, although a rare is not a new one. That Dr. Rush, in describing the peculiar remitting fever that appeared in the city of Philadelphia in the summer and autumn of 1780, lays down among its symptoms all that now distinguishes the Dengue. The writer expresses 1789, lays down among its symptomer expresses his belief, that the affection is a mingling of bilous at 4 rheumatic disease—the latter constituting by far the more prominent part, or indeed the whole of the patient's complaint.

Last Friday, in Pittsburg, Ps. as Chas. J. Ca-Lasf Friday, in Pittsburg, Pa. as Chas. J. Ca-hilly and Joremish O'Leary were engaged in the vault of a back building in Second street, a per-son who was near the pit was slazmed by seeing one of them fall—neans were immediately em-ployed to bring them out, but before it could be accomplished both were dead. It is supposed that they were suffocated. The usual remedies to resuscitate were employed without effect.— O'Leary was a young man, Cahilly has left a nu-merous family.

O'Leary was a young man, Canny has left a nu-merous family.

Four clergymen, in Savannah, Georgis, have read from the desk, and published in the papers, with their signatures annexed, an address to the public, upon the impropriety of giving scarfs and gloves, and other symbols of mourning, to cler-gymen officiating at funerals—they do not say that they will not henceforth accept of such pre-parts because a denial might be unpleasant to sents, because a denial might be unpleasant to the feelings of afflicted relatives of the deceased —but, considering it as frequently a heavy bur-then upon the widow and the fatherless, they desire an abolition of the custom.

In a store in this village, on Thursday, w In a store in this vinings, on Indicately, we noticed a green snake about seven inches in length, who had been captured by a spider, and drawn up some five or six feet from the floor—the web appeared to be attached to the tail of the snake, who performed many curious evolutions in order to extricate himself, but in vain,—Kennebunk Gaz.

HORRID MURDER.

Franklin (Tenn.) August 8 .- We have been informed of a most shocking occurrence which took place in Giles county, in this state, a few days since. The circumstances, as they have been detailed to us on the authority of have been detailed to us on the authority of a gentleman of unquestionable veracity who had them from a very respectable person direct from the neighborhood of the shocking scene, are as follows: A man (whose name our informant has forgotten) who keeps a public house somewhere in Giles county, left bome with his wife, with the intention of staying all night. He left the house in care of his two daughters, with directions to receive no travellers in his absence. Late in the evening, an old gentleman called and desired to stay all night. The girls refused to entertain him, alold gentleman called and desired to stay all night. The girls refused to entertain him, al-leging their father's commands as the excuse. He insisted, and they finally agreed to let him stay.

misisted, and they finally agreed to let him stay. Some short time after, a young man called, whom they also refused to antertain; but upon his insisting, backed by the request of the old gentleman, who pledged himself for his good behaviour, they consented that he should stay also. Some time after they had retired to rest, the two travellers were awakened by a loud and unusual noise in the chamber of the two sisters, who slept above them. They instantly arose and went up stairs, the younger taking his pistols with him. At the door of the girls' room they encountered a man passing out. He was hailed by the younger traveller, who demanded his name, and errand, and the cause of the noise which had awakened them, and who threatened which had awakened them, and who threatened and on endeavoring to pass, the traveller shot him dead on the spot. They task went into the

and on endeavoring to pass, the traveller shot him dead on the spot. They task went into the room, where a most bloody and appalling spectacle met their view—the two sisters were found in bed with their throats cut, and weltering in their blood.

They now sallied forth for the purpose of alarming the neighbours. The first house they came to, and the one nearest this scene of blood, they informed the landlady what had happened, who immediately exclaimed "It is my husband you have shot!" She proved to be correct; it was indeed their nearest neighbour who perpetrated the crime. It seems the murderer, and the father of the ill-fated girls, were engaged in a law-suit—they were the most material witnesses in suit—they were the most material witnesses in the case, and the monster, to get rid of their testimony, formed in the absence of their father the diabolical resolution, in which he succeeded but too well, of depriving them of life.

Fires by Spontaneous Combustion .- lo Ux-Fires by Spontaneous Combustion.—In Ux-bridge, Massachusetts, early in the morning of the 28th ult. the large factory belonging to the Uxbridge Woollen Manufacturing Co. was con-sumed, with most of its contents. The loss is es-timated at about \$18,000, one half of which, only, was insured.

In Milford, the Woollen Manufactory of Ste-

on the subject of spontaneous combustion:

"We have been assured by a respectable manufacturer, that on a recent occasion, having cleaned the wool cards of his machinery, the waste was thrown into a basket and placed in within reach, Wolf knocked him down. Col.
Weatt, the jader, then drew a pistol and shot ten
Molf through the body, and he died in about ten
minutes. Miller's scull is fractured, and but faint
hopes are entertained of his recovery. on, flame burst from the surface and burnt h violence. The fire which occurred in a

Boston Trav.

(Late European Intelli

Received by the arrival at New-York. Buckarest, July 18.—Accounts this received inform us that Managlia, as most as fortified place, which defends the read to tam, has surrendered to the Russians. There is no no obstacle to stop the march of the laft way of the Russians towards Varna.

Private letters received at Vicena has hacharout, of the 4th July, say that the Authorities had arrested fifteen individuals guity of having designedly brought the plague to that city. The same letters assert that the Russian troops had already effected a landing near Varna.

Russian troops had already effected a landing near Varna.

The remour of a disturbance in the kingdom of Naplea, according to the latest Para paper, was founded on the insurrection of a troop of vagabonds, the ringleaders among when had been arrested and brought to trial.

Usurpation, says the Courier, has trimphed over legitimacy in Madeira, as well as Opatic, the result of the efforts of his parisans at the latter place having enabled Miguel to direct his force against those islands, which would other wise have remained faithful to Don Pedra.

Of the expedition from Toulon, there remained no doubts. The destination is the Morea, and the troops it carries amount from 6 to 12,000. It insinuated, that instead of delivering Greece at once from the Turks, it will provide for itself at the expense of the Grocks; that an English fact will co-operate with it, and that the two power understand each other and the time.

the expense of the Grocks; that an English flet will co-operate with it, and that the two pewen understand each other, and it is possible the whole may proceed to Constantinopie, to prevent its falling into the hands of the Russians. Don Miguel had formally declared his acceptance of the Crown, and on the 7th July test the oath, at the Palace of Ajuda, in conformity with what was done in the Cortes held in the year 1641.

with what was uone in the set July.
year 1641.
Sir F. Lamb left Lisbon on the 5th July.
A German paper asserts that 100,000 Russians are advancing to force the passage of the Balkan

mountains.

Colocotroni, and twenty-five other chiefs, had Colocotroni, and twanty-five other chiefs, nau-been arrested for a conspiracy against the Presi-dent Count Capo D'Istria.

A meeting of persons interested in the Glove Cade, and another meeting of persons interested in the Silk trade, had been held for the purpose of asking of the government protecting duties;

in the Silk trade, had been held for the purpose of asking of the government protecting deties; and yet we are dosed on this side of the water with English free principles of trade!

Much damage to the crops was apprehended, from the excessive rains which had fallen in England and Ireland. Accounts of inundations are received from every part of the country. Visiont storms had also been experienced in Flanders.

A new opera, entitled "The Carron Side." A new opers, entitled in the Carron sine, composed by a Signor Liversit, has lately obtained complete success at the Covent Garden Theatre. The story is nothing, but the music, which is essentially Scotch, with Italian improvements and variations, has become remarkably

oular. Or. Bloomfield, Bishop of Chester, is to be

oular.

Dr. Bloomfield, Bishop of Chester, is to be translated to the See of London, in the room of Dr. Hawley, who is to be raised to the Archbishopric of Canterbury. The successor of Dr. Bloomfield in the Bishropric of Chester is not yet knows.

Captain Rock's Letters to the King have at length appeared, and are beginning to excite an extraordinary sensation. They contain re-expose of the family history of three-fourths of the Irish nobility, interspersed with private anecdotes of the most extraordinary kind.

The Liverpool Mercury of August 1, says:—The late American Tariff appears to us to be infinitely more important to England than any topic touched upon in the Royal Speech; and yet there is not even an allusion to it. Here we were disappointed, as we had hoped that ministers would have told the Americans, in the face of all the world, that if that Tariff is to be persisted is, England can, and will procure her Cotton and Tobacco from some other quarter. We have so doubt of the practicability of this kind of justifiable retaliation; and we hope next week to show that Cotton, equal to any that America yields, can be had cheaper than now imported, and nearer home into the bargain.

EIGHTH BULLETIN OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY.

EIGHTH BULLETIN OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY.
KARASSU, July 5. KARASSV, July 5.

[It gives some farther details of the stege of Brailow, which began on the 25th May, and ended on the 15th June, having lasted twenty-five days in all. Though the Russians were unsuccessful in their attempt to carry the place by storm, the loss the Turks had sustained, amounting, according to their own accounts, to one thousand men, and the courage with which the Russians repulsed all their audites, induced the garrison to capitalate without waiting the result garrison to capitulate without waiting the of another attack. The total loss of the sians in killed and wounded is stated at stans in killed and wounded is stated at 3000 men; the greater part of the latter had rejoined the army.]

NINTH BULLETIN OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY.

CAMP at KARASSU, July 5.
The 7th corps of the army under Gen. Woisoff, has now advanced so far that the head quasters will be removed to-morrow morning, and proceed to Bazargik by forced marches, on ac-count of the scarcity of water in the country count of the scarcity of water in the country through which it will have to traverse. The Rus-sian main army that will advance to that place, [including the 7th corps,] consists of 54 batts. lions, 48 squadrons, 6 regiments of Cosacks, and above 250 pieces of cannon.

During the time that the head-quarters have

During the time that the head-quarters have been at Karassu, the immense train of previous wagons, drawn by oxen, which follow the army from Podolia, have arrived, and co supplies have been brought by sea from the to Kustendgi. The soldiers, therefore, see want of nothing. The weather has hitherie be not the white feet. on the whole favorable, and in the last week

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the Greeks says that (have reco-govern the discovery has been a The Pressi-formal aud the Sultan-ed them with territory, beall upon tence to the

On the 2 read to the ry, in Edini swallowed nights, cast the revere could not was probal shark. On Sund formed) panial trip to Gretin Gre tiful, and a age—the b tioned yout

The parties drove with in a chaine o'clock, an esty at five miles in 11 instantly set at Carlisle rest, the you nights. At a gentleman lation of the tes had an the name of At the Ca sell handed phia for the

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IMPORTAN' The follow ing through certain com-two articles. Let it be proby America British man the United S of country ! Let it also ! ment of suc British ships indispensablevy a duty high a duty most favour fore, selecte Tebacco, ar Cetton and possessions, offected: ag duction of I the Canadas of late year out the road

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A conspiracy against the life of the President has been foiled in Greece, and the recent suc-cesses of the Romans have raised the tone of the Greeks. An article dated Smyrna, June 18, says that Count Capo d'Istria will be obliged to asys that Count Capo d'Istria will be obliged to have recourse to more energetic measures to govern the Greek nation, especially since the discovery of the conspiracy of Colocotroni, who has been arrested with 25 of his accomplices. The President, while he was at Parus, gave a formal audience to the Greek Bishops, sent by the Sultan to propose an amnesty, and dismissed them with an admonition to leave the Greek territory, because their address, in which they call upon the people to return to their obedience to the Porte, cannot be tolerated by the Greek Government.

the 22d of March last, the Rev. Dr. Scott On the Zan Annual Control of Natural History, in Edinburgh, a paper on the great fish that swallowed up Jonah, and, after three days and ry, in the days and, after three days and sights, cast him out on dry land. The object of the reverend gentleman was to show that it could not be a whale, as often supposed, but was probably a Squalus Carchurias, or white

On Sunday last, a young lady and gentleman (from the neighbourhood of Derby, we are informed) passed through this city on a matrimonial trip to the far-famed temple of Hymen, at Gretna Green. The lady was young and beautiful, and apparently not more than 17 years on age—the bridegroom a comely and well proportioned youth scarcely arrived at "man's estate." The parties had dreaded pursuit, and therefore drove with great rapidity. They left Manchester in a chaise and four, on Sunday morning at six o'clock, and arrived at the coffee-house in this etty at five in the evening, having travelled 120 miles in 11 hours, including stoppages. They mstantly set off for Gretna, and were back again instantly set off for Greins, and were back again at Carlisle about nine o'clock. On returning to rest, the young gentleman declared that he had not had his boots off during the three preceding nights. At six o'clock on the following morning a gentleman named Loster (supposed to be a relation of the lady's) arrived in pursuit. The parthes had an amicable interview, and returned to Manchester that evening by the mail, booked in the name of Alson.—Carlisle Patriot.

At the Catholic meeting in Dublin, Mr. O'Con sell handed in 1821. St. Sd., sent from Philadel-phis for the use of the "New Catholic Associa-tion of Iroland." The letter enclosing the drait was signed by Turner Camac and Joseph M. Doran, and directed to Mr. O'Connell. That poran, and directed to Mt. O considerable length, referring to the general objects of the association, the policy of England, and the sympathy felt in America, (Northern and Southern,) for the disabilities under which the Irish laboured. He concluded by moving a vote of thanks, which for the current week 1427/. 14s. 9 1-2d

CURIOUS PIECE OF MECHAISM.

An ingenious individual in humble life, a native of Exter, has constructed an extraordinary piece of machineter, of which the following is a description:—it is a time
ce, which strikes the hours, quarters, &c. a perpedialumanck, which has an exclusive movesment for the
pyear, requiring to be regulated once only in one
afterly years, and the principal wheel in which retiers but once in four years; on a plate, in the centre
the face, is seen the sun in his course through the
surent, as he appears to an—the circle which he make
went, as he appears to an—the circle which he make
sentifully described in the changes of the sensons, by
e horizon receding or advancing as the days lengthen
horten; under the above is seen the moon, showing
y age and wane, as she appears to us in different
ges; an organ playing a variety of pieces, and the
ures of which are brilliant beyond any thing of mora composition; a belify, in which are six figures
ging the 'changes' on six bells, a variety of other
ures are also shown, in motion, playing instruments,
sting time, &c. the whole of which is contained in
esplended pile of cabinet work, 10 feet high, five feet
sliet, and weighs apparads of half a ton.

IMPORTANT CUSTOMS REGULATION BILL The following remarks apply to a bill now passing through the House, altering the duties on certain commodities, and, more particularly, on two articles, the chief produce of the U. States. Let it be premised, that the heavy tariff inflicted by America will cause immense smuggling of British manufactures through the Canadas into he United States, and which the extensive trac of country will render it impossible to prevent. Let it also be premised, that, for the encouragement of such smuggling, and the employment of British ships, a return cargo from the Canadas is indispensable.—Now, as by treaties we cannot levy a duty on United States' produce, unless as high a duty be levied on such produce from the most favoured nations, Government have, there-fore, selected the two staple articles, Cotton and Tobacco, and by lowering the duty on States' Cotton and Tobacco, coming from the British Possessions, this return of cargo is likely to be effected: again, as a facility to the cheap introduction of produce from the United States into be Canadas, the United States themselves have of late years, by means of canals, &c. chalked out the road; and if Tobacco and Cotton come muto the British possessions, where they may be **archoused for re-exportation, none other but British vessels can import them from thence into this courter. this country.

EPITOME OF NEWS.

The new Bell was placed in the steeple of the State House on Thursday morning. It weighs about 4,300 lbs. and was east by Mr. J. Wiltbanks, in Market street.

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banks, in Market street.

Among the persons spoken of to succeed the late Gen. Bailey, as Postmaster of New York, we understand are col. Monroe, late President of the U. States, and Albert Gallatin. Esq.

The Chesapeake and Olio Canal Company lave issued proposals for the excavation, embakment, and walling of another sub-division of the canal, embracing a distance of 27 miles, and extending from the Seneca Creek to the satern base of the Catoctin Mountain.

David Goodrich, a young man in Glastenbury, Ct. on the 21st ult. while engaged in wrestling, (a common practice with the athletic yeomanry of New-England) was thrown so severely as to break his neck and occasion his death the next day.

Gunca. Beat this who can?

Donald M Donald, a Scotchman, 107 years eld, was brought before the Boston Police Court on Tuesday, charged with being a common fundard, and sentenced to the House of Cortumbard, and sentenced to frunkard, and sentenced to the House of certion. Although he has long been addicted to ardent spirits, his step is as firm and his head as exact as most men thirty years younger.

Going it is a fire.—Mr. Going, late superins landant of the state prison in Massachusetts, as succeed, without orders, the command of the

without orders, the command of the forces at the late fire in Charlestown, and thus ared much property from destruction.

A man named John Mahonay, a coachmaker, fell from the bridge near Potistown in this state, a short time since, and dislocated his back bone. He was intexicated.

Receipts of the American Tract Society, Boston, in the month ending Ang. 19th. Denations, \$428,58; for Tracts, \$657,98; Total \$1686,56. Of the American Tract Society, New York, in the month ending Aug. 16th; Donations \$901,66; for Tracts, \$2,613,73; Total, \$3,515,39.

The Emperor of Russia has appointed Alexander Eustaphieve, Enq. his Consul General to the United States, to reside at New York.

A North Carolina paper expresses the belief that the crop of Indian Corn, this year, will be very abundant, notwithstanding the dry and hot weather.

weather.

The English papers inform us that the costs which have been taxed in the celebrated Lunacy case of Lord Portamouth, exceeded \$80001.—being more than equal to \$35,000. The expense of procuring the taxing of the costs, was \$501.—equal to more than \$2900!

A Fronch paper says, a wash has been discovered, which, containing hydrochlorate of lime, attracts the humidity of the air, and may thereby render the occupation of a weaver less unhealthy than it is at present, by allowing him to carry it on in a dry place.

The Mobile commercial Register states that the notes of the State Bank of Alabama, are hawked about in that town at a discount of from 7 to 10 per cent.

hawked about in that town at a discount of from 7 to 10 per cent.

The title of the new novel, which our countryman, Cooper, is writing, is the Child of the Wish-ton-Wish.

The annual State election took place in Vermont on the 2d instant. Messrs. Craft and Oliver were elected Governor and Licutenant Governor, with scarcely any opposition.—The Hon.

R. C. Mallary has been re-elected to Congress by an almost unanimous vote. an almost unanimous vote.

It is stated, in the last Baltimore American

It is stated, in the last Baltimore American Farmer, that six hundred acres of land were sold, a few days since, within four miles of Baltimore, on navigable water, near the Philadelphia turnpike, with a brick house and an abundance of wood and timber, for \$4.50 per acre.

Mr. Maelzel has purchased the American Automaton Whist Player, of the original inventor, and intends to re-model the entire machine, give to it additional fluxer and a new and more com-

to it a different figure, and a new and more

plete tone of action, before he brings it forward for exhibition.

A Court of Oyer and Terminer and General

A Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery, will be held at Whiteplains, N. Y. on the 8th day of October, when the robbers of Mr. Terry and ten other culprits, now confined in the county gaol, will have their trial.

Fine Work.—Two men, with the mechanical names of Carpenter and Turner, were last week fined \$15 cach, and costs, for exhibiting a support of the selections of the selections of the selections.

week fined \$15 each, and costs, for exhibiting a Circus without a ficense from the selectmen of Springfield, Mass.

The President of the United States has been invited by the President of Brunswick College, Maine, to be present at the commencement on Wednesday next. Governor Lincoln, of Massachusetts, is expected to attend.

The King of Prussia has caused the sum of 100 duents (about \$220) to be paid to assist in 100 duents (about \$220) to be paid to assist in

100 ducats (about \$220) to be paid to assist in erecting the French Evangelical Church in New Orleans. The money has been received in New

York.

In the Chester (Eng.) paper, we find an account of the celebration of an Anniversary at Wrexham, which is worthy notice—"On Tuesday the Ladies Club held their annual meeting at the Bowling Green, Wrexham. After Aearing divine service, the members took toa, when dancing commenced, and was kept up with great spirit through the evening.

The annual income of the Archbishop of Can-

The annual income of the Archbishop of Can-terbury, who lately died in England, was no less than 25,000, sterling, or 111,000 dollars. It has been stated, erroneously, in a Savannah paper, that the fever at Charleston has proved

paper, that the fever at Charleston has proved fatal in every instance. Only 11 had died, and 3 or 4 were known to have recovered. The number of deaths is unusually small for the length of time it has continued.

In the valley of the Genesco, N. Y. in the

In the valley of the Genesce, N. Y. in the town of Avon, are mineral springs, which have been found very serviceable in curing salt rheum and other eruptions of the skin, and chronic and acute rheumatism. The water has a tonic effect: it has not yet been analyzed. They are on the line of travel to Niagara and the Lakes.

On the 29th ult. Mrs. Doty, wife of Shadrach Doty, of the town of Sweden, New York, was delivered, at one birth, of four children, three of which lived about 30 minutes. Mrs. Doty, being very much debilitated with the fever and ague, survived but a short time after.

ague, survived but a short time after.

The American Farmer describes a safe trunk

The American Farmer describes a safe trunk invented by Mr. La Porte. It was of hemp, wound round wire, woven and twilled, like common bagging, and painted on both sides, to prevent rusting. Several coats of paint will produce a resemblance to leather, and the material may be used for a great variety of purposes. The well known Joseph Lancaster, whose name has been given to the system of mutual instruction for children, is now lecturing at Montreal. A Montreal paper remarks as something new, that he has discontinued the operative and mechanical parts of his profession, and devoted himself to lecturing.

The London Quarterly Review estimates the present number of the Jews at about air millions—probably greater than those over which Solo-

probably greater than those over which Solo-

The celebrated naturalist Daubenton employed part of his time in reading romances, tales, and the lightest works of the day. He called this mettre son caprit a la diete; dioting

BARBAROUS.— In the little village of Ran-dolph, Ohio, which contains only about 1000 in-habitants, there are said to be twenty-three bar-

bors.

Dr. Howe's History of the Greek Revolution has just been published by Mossrs. White, Gallaher and White, New York. It is a very neatly printed octavo, containing 450 pages, and is illustrated by a may of Greece and the Islands, copied, with some alterations, from Col. Leake's outline. outline.

The city government of Savannah have freed from taxation, for ten years, a steam Rice Mill, under a provise that it shall be kept in opera-tion; and have also granted to the proprietors the free use of a dock for the same length of

Professor Douglass, of West Point, and Mr. Malin, Engineer, have reached Beaver, Penn. after completing the examinations of the route for a canal from the Pennsylvania Canal to the

Of these 19 were under five years of age.



PHILADELPHIA.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1838.

to CORRESPONDENTS.

Mary Wilson, or An Offering for Children, is a neat, simple, and well-told little tale, and very well calculated to effect the object for which it was written. As it is intended, however, for a single class of readers, and is, besides, of some length, we must decline its insertion in our paper, and recommend its author to transfer it to the Juvenile Miscelleny, or some amiliar publication, for the mersidan of which it is admirably suited. The MS. will be returned when called for.

The biography of Billy Winter does not con-

when called for.

The biography of Billy Winter does not contain much singularity or variety of incident, and we doubt whother any good end would be promoted by its publication.

The Character of a Bachelor is well-drawn. We have known those who might have sat for the nicture.

We have known those who might have sat for the picture.

A Dream of Realities, is "very long." We shall try to give it a place.

The author of "The Old Mand" can obtain the Ms. by application at this office.

Notitude, Mortimer, The Christening, Colin, and others received this week, are placed on file, and will receive an early attention.

Lionel should remember that something more is wanting to constitute blank verse than lines of ten syllables.

K. N. had better relinquish the project he has formed. We advise this not from any unfriendly feelings, but because our own experience has taught ue that such undertakings rarely prove successful.

To the writer of the note from New York,

To the writer of the note from New York, To the writer of the note from New York, containing the astounding intelligence that the same paragraph had been published twice in the Saturday Evening Post, we should, no doubt, have been excessively, indebted if he had paid the postage as a proof of his disintercatedness. It may be a gratification to this obliging friend to know, that we return all such effusions to the nost office as "imposition". know, that we return all such effusions to the post office as "impositions," and the postage is refunded. Our patrons will, no doubt, pardon the accidental re-insertion of a paragraph when they are aware of the immense number of articles to be read, and selected from (not one articles to be read, and selected from (not one article in ten which now burden the majority of the newspapers, being worth copying or condensing) in collecting the materials for one paper, which sometimes embraces near a hundred different

In the six hundred years which saw the Moors in ters of Spain, we have said the Spaniards maintained a rugged independence in the high places of their country, guarding with scrupulous care the narrow passes to the table regions of their mountains, and possessing little, or no wealth, to invite the cupidity of those who the, or no wealth, to invite the eupidity of those who had gained possession of their fertile vales. It is probable that the tenets of their religion contributed as much to the complete distinctness of the two nations, as any circumstances of distinct between a conquered and conquering people; for it would have been difficult for a scattered race, like the Spaniards, to withstand the force of order, regularity, temperance and taste, which the Moors presented in their public and private concerns.—A writer who treats of the Moors in the age to which we refer, says, "they were close observers of the laws of A writer was treated the Misors in the age to which we refer, says, "they were close observers of the laws of Mahomed; they practised the heautiful precepts of A.ms; they gave to the poor, not only bread and money, but a portion of their harvests, of their fruits, of their flocks, and of their merchandize; in the cities and in the counand of their merchandize; in the cines and in the coun-try, the nick were provided with every confort, and nursed with the most attentive care—hospitality, at all times so sacred among the Arabs, was not less regarded in Spain." To have resisted these characteristics, and the influence of their improving habits, must, have that time, owed their existence to religious impremions; but we may weary our readers in referring to the glory all physical, moral and political advantages are depen-dent upon certain shades in metaphysical belief; but after all, "there is nothing beautiful but truth," and he who touches the page of history, ought to remember facts without forgetting that circumstances influence the general conduct of individuals, more than a belief in this or that creed; the latter may win us heaven, but though the Altar of Baul is built beneath their branches men's hearts may indeed become indurated by an aliena-tion from a correct creed, but the sun which rises on the just and the unjust, will fertilize the earth, warm and fo-ment it into fruitfulness, whosoever's sweat may be poured out upon the soil.

The expulsion of the Moors from Spain was marked with a degree of cruelty that does little credit to the Spanish name. While France gains immortal credit for suffering one bundred and fifty thousand of those ries, Spain was every where filling her dungeons with the fugitives, and exhausting the rack with their torments. Those that remained upon the faith of the and exposed to every torment; those who took refu on the opposite Barbary shore, looked with mournful pleasure to their home in Spain, and even to this day, ask of God in their Friday's prayers to lead them back

to Grapada. The last exertions of the Moors for independence is Spain, were in 1609, when Philip III, became perfect hidds.

Master of his domains. At that season, we find both aids him. Spain and Portugal engaged in discoveries, and in ac-quiring riches from their distant colonies; but inocu-lating themselves with the vices of idleness and luxury, that must extend through their political and moral sys-tem, weakening, by degrees, and dragging them towards political decease. We have not time to trace the decline of these kingdoms to their present point of bare existence; it has been gradual, perceptible and natural; tence; it has been gradual, perceptible and natural, means have indeed been offered for redemption, but the character of the people had become effermate; they had grown fond of their chains, when even the hand that held them was weary of their weight, and they abrunk from thoughts of freedom, as the dim-sighted for a canal from the Pennsyrvan of New-England) was thrown so severely as to of New-England was thrown so severely has the next and Big Sandy rivers.

A large manufactory of isinglass has been in operation, for a number of years, at Glouceater, the substitution of Bank of England since the abolition of Bank of England was not the Big Beaver, by way of Little Beamouth of the Big Beaver of Beaver

Deaths in New York during the week ending on the 6th—29 men, 19 women, 38 boys, 23 guits—total 114. Sixty of whem were under five years. pirls—total 114. Sixty of whom were under live years.

Deaths in Baltimore during the week ending in the 8th—Males 22, females 18.—Total 40.

If these 19 were under five years of age.

dendent of his father, and been crowned Emperor of Brazil, and the parent government had been caube the mentical rule of a Regency, but owing its existence entirely to England. The recent arrived of Miguel from South America, gave hopes that he would undertake the Regency of the Kingdom, and direct it according to the Constitution. These expectations have been painfully disappointed—the mad youth, instead of regarding the intentions of his brother, the good of the people, his own onthe, and the desire of England, has caused himself to be declared Absolute King, yielding to the solicitations of his mother, and the bigottal prioris. This art has alienated Grout Britain, who, he years, has stood between that house and total destruction, and such is the folly of Miguel that late evonts show him withing to provoke the anger of England, whose listle finger falling rudely, would beave it in doubt, fifty years since, where Operto or Lisbon had beestion. "Whem the gods with to destroy, they first make head," says the Latin provert, and madisors appears to have seized upon Miguel, and destruction is treasing upon his heels.

Extract of a letter from Havana, dated Au-

gust 13,-The first officer of the ship Paragon, Boston, (Benjamin Lovy) was stabbed yesterwhich occasioned his death instantly. The aseassin is in the bands of the military tribunal, and will suffer the penalties of the law. Mr. Levy was much esteemed here, and his funeral

Extract of a letter from General Lafayette, dated June 29th, 1828 .- " My health is now perfeetly restored. The session of the French Chamber will be at an end by the 1st of August, when my family will be re-united in our country abode-much preferable to the city, as I can there better enjoy the company of my children and friends, and attend to my agricultural pur-

The public are cautioned against receiving ten dollar counterfeit notes, purporting to be on the State Bank of Massachusetts, signed by S. Frothingham, Cashier, and Win. Gray, Presi dent, dated June 30, 1828.

The following is an extract of a letter Com. Porter to the editor of the New York En-

quirer:

"Our vessels are all laid up for the present, and their crews discharged. I have placed them all in a good state of preservation, and they can all be fitted for sea in a few days after the men are on board. In the mean time I propose visiting the United States for the recovery of my health, which is somewhat impaired from so long an exposure to an unhealthy climate; besides I want repose of body and mind. A few months will restore me to both the solution of the sol will restore me to health and vigour, and shall return fresh for any service. The navy is at this moment scargedy any sepance to this go vernment, whereas that of Spain is burden vernment, whereas that of Spain is burden-some to an insupportable degree to the island of Cuba."

Extract of a letter frem Capt. Thomas Asithony, dated Cant. Gibson, Arkanas T. July 1, 1828.

"Gen. Chilly M'Intoah and twenty-saven of our Creek Indians have been on a buffalo bunt; and, after an absence of twenty days, roturned with the meat of 24 buffaloes which they killed. I hey saw about 600 buffaloes, and an immunen number of deer, whilst out, and would have killed more, but had not the means of bringing the meat hume, every horse having as much as he could carry. A second party will go out next month, when they anticipate much sport. All the Indians are delighted with this country, which is rich and well calculated for our people, who can live well by agriculture and husting. We have no fears of their suffering, as the crops look well. We shall have roasting ears of corn in two weeks, out of new ground cultivated since March last. We have some good gardens, with cucumbers, lettuce, radishes, pleaty of frish and sweet potatoes, beans, poss, heerts, waternwloas, &c. Col. Brearley will raise. 1500 bushels of corn, which we have planted appeals they have some and the party of the starter.

1500 bushels of corn, which we have planted since I have been here. "We have had a deputation of Delgwere In-"We have had a deputation of Delawere Indians amongst us, who claim to be the grand-father of all Indian tribes. I went to our Public Square with them, and held a talk. They presented beads and tobacco, which was received in ancient form; and received presents of the same articles in return. All this is right—and we do not anticipate difficulty with any of the Indian tribes. We shall avoid all alliances. This has been my advect to the Indian. There This has been my advice to the Indians. There are, however, a number of Indians who do not respect the rights of any nation—that go upon a war expedition to gain the name and charac-ter of warriors, and will take any person's scalps, and run the risk of the consequences."

NEW GOODS.

CHARLES K. SERVOSS. No. 60 North Second, four doors above Arch street,

Afrect,

AS just received a fresh supply of articles in the Looking-Glass, and Fancy Hardware line, which, with his former Stock, comprises a general assortment, all of which he offers for sale, wholesale and retail, at the most reduced prices, for cash, or acceptantics.

Sept. 13-3c

Auction goods at 4 per cent. tish white, yellow and ced shirting faancels, 202 ps. Russis sheeting, 5-4 wide; a large assortment of Calinors, from 12; cts. to 25; 100 ps. Canton Crapes, at 3 75 per dress, of the best quality; a superior lot of thread lace will be sold low for cash; just 1 tisde bombazette, of a first rate quality, from 25 cents to 374 cents per yard; York tan gloves, at 165 cents to 30 cents to 274 cents per pair; Hoskin do, at 51 cents; Ladies' linen pocket helks, from 50 cents to 1 dellar; halnes' black and white nik hose, from 50 cents to 1 50 per pair; pins, 61 cents per select; brown muslims 1 yard and a half quarter wishe, at 123 cents per yard.

Sopt. 13—6in No. 48 North Fourth street. ish white, yelle

A YOUNG WOMAN.

WITH A FRESH BREAST OF MILK, who can be well recommended, wishes a situation as a Wet Norse. Apply at No. 9 Bind's Alley, between Front and Second, and Calbarino and Queen streets.

CURE FOR CORNS. 4.0 SIMPLE, effectual remedy for these trou-blesome things, can always be had by the single or dozen, at No. 23. North Saxb street, fact discr eye Callowbill, west side. Those who have tend it. there Callowhill, west sale. I found the face content of the sale out reaches out rely by the roots.

WOOL.

2000 LBS. RORAM WOOL.

2000 SOUTHERN do.

2000 SOUTHERN do.

2000 LAME'S do. past received.

Also, 300 doz. super black and white Reading Wood

Hats by the package, adopted to the Southern and Western tunckets, for sale by

ROBERT MONIGOMERY,

No. 3 Hank alley, in the rear of the Merchantal Coffee House.

Roy. THOM AS T. WEBSTER, to KEEZA JEANES,
both of the Northern Liberties.
On Sunday versing, Sept. 7th, by the Rev. Br.
Chambers, Mr. W.M. HENBURN, to the aminble Miss
JANE BILLINGS, both of this trity.
On the 6th of June hast, by the Rev. John Chambers,
Mr. CHARLES F. GEBEER, to Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of the late William Adesch, Emp of
Pean Townshy, it isst, in Bellefonte, by the Rev. Mr.
Lim., Mr. HENRY H. KENNY, to Miss GEREGIG,
daughter of Andrew Gergg, Emp, of that place.
On Sunday evening, the 7th inst, by the Rev. Mr.
Allen, Mr. JOSEPH STOCKS, to Miss RACHAEL
YAN AUSTIN, both of Hubmerille, Bucke county.
On the this inst, by the Rev. Mr.
AYRES, to Miss AUCHELLYAN, and of the city.
In Krie, N. Y. by Robert Parwell, Emp, Mr. CALEB,
AYRES, to Miss AUNES LOVEL, all of this city.
In Krie, N. Y. by Robert Parwell, Emp, Mr. CALEB,
Wisely Heary H'iser wedded,
In Eric's town Lucetts HoudTis boy'd be now may highly prize her,
For though she's last her Hend thee's H'iser.
EKLE CAUGHT.—Married, in Cornwall, the
27th inst, by the Rev. J. Ashnell, Mr. Bonjamin
Parkhill to Miss Love Ech.

On Sunday, June 30th, JAMES LUMON, aged 45 years.

Thornday had, at 4 o'cinck, Mr. JAMES KENNE. DY, Lettery and Exchange Breker.

On the 10th inst. at the vesidence of Samuel Dickinson, Sep., near Treaton, N. J. OkeDiffee POX, Esq. of this city, in the 60th year of his age.

On the 11th inst. at the vesidence of Samuel Dickinson, Sep., near Treaton, N. J. OkeDiffee POX, Esq. of this city, in the 60th year of his age.

On the 11th inst. atter a long-ring dilness, Mr. JOHN K. DUY, in the 57th year of his age.

On the 4th instant, at 3 o'clock, nifer a palinful dilness, Mr. THOMAN PALMER, in the 74th year of his age.

On Saturday morning, 4th inst. Mr. MICHAEL MURRAY, in the 67th year of his age.

On Saturday morning, 5th instant, JAMES A. MAHANY, Esq.

On Saturday morning, Mr. WILLIAM T. SCOTT, aged 55 years.

On the 4th instant, after a ledious illness, ANN, the wife of William Sheepshanks, of the airty, in the 4th year of her age.

On Saturday, the 5th inst. after a short illness, Mrs. Mr. CARTY, aged 50 years.

On Saturday morning, after a lingering illness, in, the 35th year of his age, Mr. HENJAMIN II. LODGH.

On Wednessley, the 27th the PETER LEWIS, son of Peter Braile, of the Northern Liberies, aged 17 months. Seedianly, on Priday, the 5th notant, in Hisley Township, Delaware county, JOHN J. HAFFELFEGER, Jr. in Houston county, Ky., on the 25th ult. Judge ROBERT TRIBBLE.

In England, Mrs. MARY SAUNDERS, aged 61. She died of fright in a thunder storm.

On Monday, the 8th inst. of a short illness, JOSEPH PAINE, aged 19 years, late of Canaden, Del.

On Theology, 9th inst. of a short illness, JOSEPH PAINE, aged 19 years, late of Canaden, Del.

SUPION S. WYPIRE, of this city, aged It years and 15 days.

On Thursday morning, the 9th inst. Miss ELIZA-BETH WAGER, daughter of the late Phitip Wager, Esq.

On board the ship Telegraph, of Phitadelphia, on her passage from 8t. Jago de Cuba to Norfolk, JOHN H. HILLS, seamen, a native of Philadelphia.

On Toesday morning, after a short illness, MARY STEELMAN, in the 22d year of her age.

At Cole's Ferry, Halifax county, Virginia, on the 19th ult. CHARLES WAYNE, bt. Dr. of the United Natas Nary, in the 32th year of his age.

At Sangerties, N. Y. by drowning, Mr. DAVID DUBOIS, aged 65 years, white having stripped hisuself and attempting to swim serous the Koopes Creek (near which he resided) to tetch his boat from the apposite shore, and is supposed to have been cramped; for he was an appert swimner, and had often done the like her fore.

shore, and is supposed to have been cramped, for as was an expert swimmer, and had often done the like helfors.

Welnesday evening, at Wisahiekon, AGNESBANN, infant daughter of R. F. ALLEN, aged fitzen mouths and ten days.

At Savanneh, on the 19th alt, in the 10fd year of his rage, EDWARD HUGHES, Sen. He was a native of Ireland, County of Armoph, and for the Last 30 years a resident of Bavannab.

In Deerfield, Bass. on the 16th uit, Mrs. CATHABINE, PRATE, wife of Mr. William Prut, aged 33 years. On the 7th, DOEL, his con, aged 3 years. On the 9th, CHARLOTTE, his daughter, aged years, on the 9th, CHARLOTTE, his daughter, aged years, on the 9th, CHARLOTTE, his daughter, aged years, on all of the dysentery, and hetag the whole of his family.

At Smithville, N. C., on the 20th uit, DOEN McKAY, Est, aged 45 years, one of the officers connected with the Custom House Department of that tower. He was an immute of the asme house, in which Captain Callender died. The day on which he died, he wrote to Mr. John Callender, and deceribed to him the situation of his father. At alght he attended Captain Callender, and deceribed to him the situation of his father. At alght he attended Captain Callender, and all the properties of the result of the attended to the monthlose while viewing the copper; and litting his handkerchief to his eyes, in about three minutes, he was observed to be falling from he chair. Some of the persons present took hold of him e all stayed him up; when he ground heavily and expired.

ing from his chair. Some of the persons present toos hold of him s if stayed him up; when he ground has are about 35 of water ranging and expired.

In London, on the 19th July last, Mr. JAMES ED. WARD SMITH HOSACK, beliest son of Dr. David Hosack, New York, aged 24. He had just completed his travels upon the continent, as also through England and Scotland, and was about to return to his country and friends, when he suddenly fell a victim to a decede under which he had previously laboured, but which had apparently been mitigated by a change of climate. The intelligence of his death was peculiarly painful to his (amily, who were daily expecting his aerival, after a long Mesence.

Departed this life, after a short but acvere illness, on Stateday morning last, MARY, doughter of Mr. Will. LAM HEED, of this city. In the loss of this amable, young laily, a family has been shrouded in murating, and a gloom cast over a large circle of friends and acquaintance, which time only can dispel. Nature had formed her, apparently, for long life and luture usefulness. —

1.7 A N. Orec, will be proved to the country of the country of

her, apparently, for long life and luture usefulness.—Possessing a mind-richly stored with the choicest virtues for mortal happiness, she became endeared to all who know her. In the bloom of tife, with every pleasure expanding, and a hope unfolding brighter prospects, she was, by the ruthless hand of death, taken from all. Alas! how short-lived are our fairest hopes! We gaze around; we read their monoments; we sight; and while we sigh we sink and are what we deployed. H. At his residence, near West Union, Ohio, on Monday, 22th of August, C. W. HYBD, Judge of the United States District Court for the district of Ohio. It is a singular coincidence, keys the Cinemati Gizzette, that Judge Hyd and Judge Trimble, of Kentusky, should both die on the same day. In Ohio these is now no person to exercise the judicial functions of the courts of the Union.

In Meadon, Monrae en. N. York, on the Tath of August, at the house of Moses Angevine, ins non, Mr. AN. THONY ANGEVENE, aged by years. He was a soldier in the French war; was in the hattle at Grown Point, under the command of Gen. Johnson, at the defeat of Aherercambe at Tironderings, at the taking of Montreal, one in the expedition against Quebes—like wise, he assisted in the Revolution, hoth with property and exciser, until the distinguing of the army by Manington. He has left a wife need 22 years, with whom he hired 22 years, but those not know the number of her great grand children—he was a tender hashend and an affectionatic father, and respected by all who knew how.

Was accidentally drowned in the Delaware, on Tuesday exeming, 50 and, appearing the rate, Mr. E.Z.LA. EVANN, formerly of Bucks county, Pa. but bong a re-spectable mere bant of this place, and about 20 years.

No. 3 Bank alley, in the rear of the Merchants' Coffee House.

TO BAKERS.

A GRID CHANCE.

THE subscriber, fiving a No. 114 North Eight network, between their year of the above the place of the subscriber. Fiving a No. 114 North Eight network, between their year of the head of growe house and register in the place of the place of the subscriber. Fiving the north of the place of the subscriber of the subscriber of the place of the subscriber of t

COLLEGE OF NEW THE ANNUAL ORATION before the cophic and American White Secretion, will revered in the Church in this phoe, on Taxable

BLOCK TIN WAR UST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of To Ware, of Assortion bills.
Coffee and Tee Pote, Bugger, the Estate and Cocupe to march, making consistent arms for all your retail, by CHARLES E. SERVON.
No. 60 North Second, 4 decre shore Land does

BACK GAMMON TABLE AND CHESS ROARD MANUFACTORY.

THE above mentioned articles are unnufactory, the properties of the subscript, the appearance of the subscript, the appearance of wholesale and country desires, they are made of three different since and to pack in one nest, but each size may be had separately, if m requested.

This being the only maxtfactory of the kind in this it; the subscriber canaders that he further common a the subscriber will be necessary.

GEORGE ALLCHIN, No. 163 Vine, near Fifth street, Philadelphia.

LIVERY STABLES.

DROPRIETOR of the Sorrel Horse Tavern.
No. 59 North Second sizes, respectfully information for the more extensive accommodation of he friend and the public, he has taken late partnershy, in the stream, but the public of the state of the partnershy, in the stream, but the state of the partnershy, in the stream of the state of the

A valuable Farm or Country See 1818 | A valuable Farm or Country See 1818 | containing about 100 acres of land; the large containing about 100 acres of land; the large country of Philadelphia, is Bristan toward and Country of Philadelphia, is Bristan toward and frosting on a road loading from Hambholows to the for Chano, the new Section direct road also crosses in the section forming a cross-road at the south line, a making two landsome fronts on the Section street road leaves of bardeling a large 2 story stone beaues, with d rooms on a flow, a new landsome fronts of rect. The description is the west side of said Section of rect. The description is the west side of said Section of rect. The description to the west side of said Section of the story and comments of the said three and the said three sets water manisher of springs and streams of water running three the premises; on this said three are about 10 nerve

NATHAN WHITMAN SITUATION WANTED-

San Assistant in a FENALE SEMINARY, by a Fernale well qualified to assist in Teaching the necessary branches of English Education.

4.7 A Note addressed to C. D. and left at this of icc., will be attended to.

CHEAP BOOTS & SHOES, NAME Subscriber offers for sale at his store, NO. 250 MARKET STREET, CORNER OF SEVENTH STREET, a large and general associates at HOOTS AND SHOES by the Facinge, Dozen, or Single Pair, which he warrants as choop, if not chasper, (,, airy considered) than at any other establishment in the city. The following are some of the hipde and prices.—

the above are retail prices, a liberal discount to coun-Also, Trunks of various kinds, and all sizes.

Also, 20 dozen Kid Name. GEUMGE F. JORDAN.

Sept. 13-3m

MTR. CUSHMAN

From the prion Statesman.

Oh what a fairy foat, 'a shy, I copel ha

A little blue French shaper in free have
Stack exquisite proposition ! Leok von, Tom!
Bid he exar !—It is reasing on the edge.
If souther oftenous, Such alone in later—
Book we have believe you folia languary, there
Sha hamating it—an anador for the tile.

The deficate thing an gently:—Hafat thou ever
bee such a foot, Tom

a Navegf that's my Anale

" Neregf that's my Aust-Blue weares wooden leg "Pulsaw! hong your Aust

SIGN EXTRAORDINARY! A wag in one of the canal boats, filled with absengers, on the point of approaching a low ardge, sing out—" All who are in favour of General Jackson for President will please to signify dodging;" whereupon they dodged unani

A schoolmaster who was foud of the use grog as the use of the globes, was asked the dif-ference between gravity and gravitation. When I've drank ive glasses of grog. "raplied the peda-geogue," my gravity vanishes, and my gravitaion begins to operate."

A Methodist Preacher once observing that seanile, and the second of the congregation had fallen asleep, sud
dealy exclaimed with a load voice,—'fire' a
fre!' Where! Where! cried his auditors, when
they had roused from their slunders—'in the
place of punishment,' added the preacher, 'for
those who sleep under the ministry of the gospel.

Another preacher on another occasion, finding
himself in the rams impleasant situation with the
auditory, or more literally speaking, dormitory. SLEEPING IN CHURCHES.

audiory, or more literally speaking, dormitory, suddenly stopped in his discourse, and addressed himself in a whopering tone to a number of noisy children in the gallery, 'snience, children in the gallery,' snience, children,' said he, 'if you keep up such a noise you will wake all the old folks below.'

We have heard of stories being circulated through the country unfavorable to the manner in which the corps of Engineers employed in locating the route for the rail road, conduct their operations. It has been stated that fences have been throughout and account of the country o operations. It has been stated that fences have been thrown down, grain wantonly minred, &c. On the one hand we were perfectly satisfied that the gentlemen belonging to the corps were incapable of the conduct attributed to them, and on the other that our citizens could not have originated such complaints without some foundation. It is now proved that we were right in both opinions. A man narved Walker, well known as an eccasional accupant of our jail, made his escape some mouths mace from confinement; but with a hardshood not uncommon with those who are lost to all sense of shame, took up his quarters with in a few miles of this city, and with the aid of two vagabonds like himself formed an independent corps of engineers, furnished themselves with a few poles, and a line, and commenced running a route of their own, making it a point to strive hear a good farm house a little before running a route of their own, making it a point to arrive near a good farm house a little before breakfast or dinner; fix up their poles on one sale of the garden, or orchard, or barn-yard, and a second at a distance on the other side; as soon this was done, a great bawling and noise was made by one of these levellers, who would cryout—louer—a little lewer—bigher, &c. until the bellowing brought out the whole family, when lot there were the engineers, laying out a road in the very track that would do the most injury. The slarmed farmer expostulates—wonders if the sale mode of his cutertainment.

ere willing to accommodate and would try was nothing but dash through the cabbage ad, down with the fences, thrash down the bed, down with the fences, thrash down the grain, to let the mark upon the pole—and higher? Aligher? a little lower? was roared out as before, until the farmer obtained a suspension of hostilities by an invitation, treat or drink, and then the accommodating engineers moved off to pict in make another explored his way into the criminal apartment, and the chain carriers and target men are dismissed from the service.—Lancater Gazette.

The bull an object of worship, and in most Hindee towns of eminence you will meet with tame bulls everburdened with fat, folling their length in the streamers and high-ays, obstructing passengers and carriages. They are fed by the benches was been committed." Mrs. Burns looked make no scruple of showing their heads into whole baskets full of grain or vegetables, exposed for sale in the windows, our more a stall—the results of the windows, our more a stall—the results in the windows, our more a stall—the windows our mo

passengers and extrages. They are fed by the people, or extent they fed themsealers, for the most properly and them and the many and the beads into make an except of sharing their beads into make an except of the sharing their beads into the many and though driven away by the waring and though driven away by the waring and handkeerheirs in their faces, or in queen a strain of make the many and the sharing and though driven away by the waring and though driven away by the waring and though driven away by the waring and though the sharing and the sharing are sharing as a strain of maximing the sacred farms. And, closed the sharing a sharing and the sharing are sharing as a sharing a

PARTY SPIRIT.

PARTY APIRTI
Party spirit is but egotism somewhat expanded. It marrows our conceptions; it misleads our minds, corrupts the sentiments, and substitutes interest instead of virtue; it angenders discord, breaks social ties, and brings even misfortune upon individuals, by driving from their hearts all moderation and kindness, without which, neither many means and assist. real wisdom, nor true happiness can exist.

GERMAN MUSICIANS.

The itinerant musicians in Germany, who go bout the country in small bands, like wandering troubadours, are a class so clover and eming troubadours, are a class so clover and em-nent in their way, as to deserve notice. For a few florins will these poor fellows ancies you with such an exhibition of tone and shift, as would set up an English artist of the first water. They are a set of poor, but merry companions; with as ittle discord in their social intercourse as dis-turbe the harmony of their instruments; happy, in spite of threadbare ceats, and sundurnt wea-ther heaten force; but with a centility of mind. ther-beaten faces; but with a gentility of (coving to their acquaintance with mosic.) much superior to other people of their caste. — A Sum-mer's Ramble among the Musicians of Ger-

Extracts from late English Newspapers. BEAUTY AND ECONOMY.

BEAUTY AND ECONOMY.

A friend informs us, that the other night he went to drink tea with a lady and her two daughters, and that on entering the daing room he observed several glasses neatly arranged on the mantel-posce, in which appeared the most beautiful hulbous plants he had ever seen, the beautiful hulbous plants he had ever seen, the roots of which were of the deepest crimson, and the green sprout strong and futuriant. Our friend naturally inquired what they were, when one of the young fadies replied with an arch smile, "This is my mother's garden. These beautiful roots you observe, are only red onions, with which she at first amused herself, by noticing the rapidity of their germination. She then thought of turning them to use, and of course, when we make soop, these fine healthy sprouts are cut, minced small, and not only flavour, but garmah the soup!"—Glasgow Free Press

in property; and the independence of the United States overturned the monarchy of France, and set fine to a train which has not yet fully explo-ded. In every thing, its progress is interwoven with the fates of Europe. At every expansion of American influence, the older countries are

The slarmed farmer expostulates—wonders if they can't go a little round to save his garden—his orchard—his spring house, or his barn-yard measures if they had breakfast—or dimed—or would drink something—the weather was parching hot. The gentlemen, when well treated, to make it strong, and de water to make it to make it strong, and de water to make it weak, do sugar to make it sweet, and de temon to make it sour?" "Punch, I suppose you mean." " Aye, punch, (said Mon sieur,) it almost punchee out my brains last

Not long ago, an honest Gallovidian, whose picty is more to be commended than his poetry, called on the widow of Robert Burns, and was make another exploration. Walker, the chief of his corps, has explored his way into the criminal apartment, and the chain carriers and target men are dismissed from the service.—Lancaster Gazette.

A London hatter advertises having invented a percus hat, to remedy complaints made against waler proof hats, of preventing the escape of perspiration and causing head acts. The inventor must have been a relative of the Irishman who made a hole in his short to let the water out.

AMUSING SUPERSTITION.

The bull is an object of worship, and in most Hindon towns of eminence you will meet with the service in the called on the widow of Robert Burns, and was undered into the comfortable little parlour in which were penned those minutable lyrics that promise to live as long as our language endures. A lengthened and dreary pause cinsued, broken only by the usual communisplace remarks on the weather, when the man, as if inhammed to sit longer silont, drow from his pocket a printed prospectus and read the names of a number of midviduals who had agreed to patronise his forthcoming volume. Mrs. Burns, who is used to the business of subscribing, and the visits of small and wandering authors, requested that her name might be added to the list, and again all was silent as the grave.

At length the carriage, and in called on the widow of Robert Burns, and was silent as the comfortable little parlour in which were penned those minutable lyrics that promise to live as long as our language endures. A lengthened and dreary pause cinsued, broken only by the usual communisplace remarks on the weather, when the man, as if inshamed to sit longer silont, drew from his pocket a printed prospectus and read the names of a number of midviduals who had agreed to patronise have promes to live as long as our language endures. A lengthened and dreary pause cinsued, broken only by the usual communisple communisties to live as long as our language endures. A lengthened and dreary pause cinsued, by the water promise to live as long as our language endu

Rochester, N. Y has grown up some-thing like Jonah's gourd. In the short space of sixteen years, it has obtained a population of about 9000 inhabitants.

Effects of ley on Trees.

It seems to be a vulgar prejudice that ivy kills the trees it clings to. If it rooted itself, as is erroneously supposed, in their bark, and fed on their juices, it might merit the accusation of a destroyer, but it derives its nourishment wholly from the ground, where it is rooted; and the supposed roots on the bark of trees are only tending or hold-fasts to eachle it to climb. The drils or hold-fasts to enable it to climb. opinion of its injuring trees seems to have arisen, and very naturally too, from the fact of its preferring to clumb up a dead or dying branch, and not attaching itself to very young wood at all. Mr. Reptan, the landscape gardener, gives numerous facts to show that trees overrun with iry, so far from being injured by it, grow most inturiantly. Evelyn says that whon ivy is stript from trees, they are often killed by the cold in he ensuing winter.

The Kunnur, or Great Flower of Sumatra, discovered by Dr. Arnold, in 1818, is one of the most extraordinary of vegetable productions.— It is a parasite, growing out of another plant, in the manner of the mustice, and is found in woods, on the roots and stems of those ammense climbers which are attached, like cables, to the fargest trees in the forest. The flower consti-tutes the whole of the plant, there being neithe tutes the whole of the pian. The breadth of a full leaves, roots, nor a stem. The breadth of a full grown flower exceeds three feet; the petals, which are subrotund, measure twelve inches from the base to the apex; what is considered the nectatium would hold twelve pints; the pitals, are as large as cows' borns; which are abortive, are as large as cows' horns; and the weight of the whole is about 15 pounds. The flower fully blown, was discovered in a jungle, growing close to the grou with a swarm of thes hovering over ctary, and apparently laying their eggs in it abstance. The color of the five petals is a brick of, covered with protuberances of a yellowish hite. The smell is that of tainted beef.—Macasine of Natural History.

BRINING SEED WHEAT.

Tull relates that a ship load of wheat was suni-ear Bristol in autumn, and afterwards, at ebb all taken up, after it had been soaked in sea water; but being unfit for the miller, the whole cargo was bought up by the farmers, and sown in different places. At the following harvest all the wheat in England happened to be smutty except the produce of this brined seed, and that was all clear from smattiness. This accident bas justified the practice of brining ever since in most parts of England.

VINEGAR FROM HONEY VINEGAR FROM HONEY

If a pound of honey be dissolved in three or four quarts of water, and exposed to a temperature between the 70th and 80th degree of Fahrenheit's thermometer, it will in a short time become a very agreeable acid liquor, which possesses an

TO MAKE DURABLE CANDLES. Melt together ten ounces of mutton tallow, quarter of an ounce of campbor, four ounces ece way, and two ounces of allum; they will be very hard and burn with clear hehr

flavor, and strength superior to that of

SCHOOL OF FLORA.



No. XVII.

Botanic Name) CHELONE GLABRA.
English Name : Common Snakehrad.
French Name ! Chelone glalre.
A very pretty and strange flower, not uncom
the northern states. It is found from Canada t

The detect. Her plan embraces the useful and matter the partition of learning. Strict attention will be paid to learning the misch and manners of her popils. Terms regulated by the hyraches tangelt. Drawing and French by respective teachers. Reading an atated days, by a prolessor of chounton. It is proposed to form a class of eight, not members in the school, who wish a revision of, or improvement in, their subscation in general, or any distinct branches, to attend either daily, or on certain days of the week. Those interested in the care of youth, are respectfully invited to call.

**PHE almost breiting the paid to be paid to be paid to be presented by the particular to the present of the particular to the present of the particular to the

THE DAILY CHRONICLE,

Politics, Beience, Literature, the Arts, Agriculture, Cossuserce and Manufactures,

(VOMMENCED on the 7th of April last, unmertates on its list of patrons, A LARGE AND RESPECTABLE PORTION OF THE PUBLIC OF
PHILADELPHIA.

The following are extracts from the Proctus, by which the publication was

spectus, by schich the publication and am-nounced:
This Journal shall be conducted on liberal and in-dependent principles, and guided by the laws of integrity and decre son acknowledged by honorable men in the transaction of private life; with the utmost freedom of discussion on all subjects within its scope, it shall treat with due respect the customs and opinions of Society, in all its divisions; never ascrificing the cause of Truth to considerations that are too often allowed to prevail. We shall be forward to protect the character of our Country and its citizens against malevolent attacks from any quarter. Strictures on either, founded in truth, and tending to our improvement, we shall receive as they deserve, and embersous to point out the mode of making them useful.

them useful. The proceedings of Congress and the Pennsylva The proceedings of Congress and the Pennsylva nia Legislature, with such transactions of the other State Governments as may appear interesting, shall be duly attended to. Foteiga and Domestic intelligence shall be carefully selected from every accessible source and pomestic intelligence, and pomestic intelligence, and presented in a forms as structive as we can devise; including reports of such trials and decisions in this Courts of Justice as may be thought likely to attract attention from the nature of the lacts, or the principles involved in flum.

The interests of the State of Pennsylvania, particularly the system of Internal Improvement, shall command our feat endeavours to support them.

To Literature, and especially that of our own country, an ample portion of our care shall be devoted; indatto this department we shall always turn, as to a reaction and relief from more reknonic duties.

We shall endeavour to procure the carliest and nelst correct Commercial Information. Advertisements, Marines Intelligence, and every thing usually commerced whin the province of a Daily Paper, are insided in our design.

The Proprietors of the DAILY CHROSICLE have no doubt that a Journal conforming to this plan and conduct that a Journal conforming to this plan and conduct that a Journal conforming to this plan and conduct the contract of the contract that the state of the contract that is the contract that a sournal conforming to this plan and conduct that a Journal conforming to this plan and conduct that a state of the contract that the contract that the contract the contract that the contract the contract that the contract the contract the contract that the contract the contract that the contract that the contract the contract that the contract the contract that the contract that the contract that the contract the contract the contract that the contract

ponsibility of the paterious of the pathished by R. F. The DAILY CHRONICLE is published by R. CHARLES ALEXANDER, (late of the firm of Arginson & Alexander) at No. 49 SOUTH THIRD STREET, at Eight Dollars fers annum—where SUBSCRIPTIONS and ADVERTISEMENTS will be thank-

WATERMAN'S PRACTICAL GRAMMAR THE THIRD EDITION of this Gramms

THE THIRD EDITION of this Grammar is now completed and ready for sale, whole and half bound. Many teachers are acquainted with the merits of this grammar, as it has been introduced into some of the most respectable semaaries, and well recommended by several learned professors; but as there may be some who have not seen it, they are invited to call at No. 88 South Fifth street, and examine for themselves.

A liberal discount will be allowed to teachers and learned to the server of the server of the server.

English and Classical Academy,

No. 73 Pine street. dergone a thorough repair, its duties will be re-umed on Monday, the list of September. An exami-ation of the Classes will be held on the first Friday of becember, when a silver medal, bearing the young gen-leman's name, shall be presented to the most meritorious of the Senior Class, and suitable tokens of approbation to the deserving of the Junior Classes.

The Young Ladies' department will commence at the ame time.

me time.

N. B. Term, twelve weeks, and no charge for August acaction.

SAMUEL M. GAYLEY,
Aug. 30—tf.

Principal. Aug. 30-1f

WILLIAM H. MOORE.

WILLIAM H. MOORE,
UNDERTAKER,
No. 1024 Arch street, between Fifth and Sixth
alreet, (south side.)

THE subscriber, respectfully informs his friends and the
public that he keeps always on hand, a general assortment of coffma, of all sixes and patterns, plass or ornamentded. Alias, strift of every description ready prepared, which
at the shortest notice, can be made to order. The whole buiness of Funerals will be attended to if destred, on very
moderate terms, such as furnishing Hearse, Carriages,
Neunds, Searfs, Crape, Gloves, Lee longes, &c.
The subscriber sintention is to devote his whole attention
of the above named business. the above named business.

N. B. Attendance at all hours. Circumstances taken into aug 30-et

BOOTS AT \$2 50 ONLY. IF. Nubscriber has just received a small sevales of Gentlemen's very superior Copper naided Bosts, which il retainst I we Dollars and fifty Central assortment SO, Youth's Boots, at \$1.20, with a general assortment dies' and Gentlemen's lancy and common shore, of his

, Youth Gentlemen's lancy and common spices, nufacture, which he will sell at moderate prices, nufacture, which he will sell at moderate prices.

No. 6 North lists street. may 9-tf.

ANTI-SYPHILITIC SYRUP. THE genuine Auti-applicatic Syrup of Laffecteur, pre-paced and sold by frederick Klett, at the north-mast cor-ner of Callowhill and Second streets, Philad. price R1 per battle. may 24-5ma

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS offer at public sale, the following described property, situate on Coalico creek, Cocalico township, in the county of Lancaster, and state of Pennsylvania, lying about thirteen mides from the city of Lancaster, eighteen from Reading, therty-right from Harrisburg, and twenty-nine miles from Downingsten, on the Downingstown, Ephrata and Harrisburg tumpide road, and is a beautiful and healthy situation. It comprises about there accessed four turbuse road, and is a beautiful and heatify it comprises about three acres of land, more which is creeted a stone Paper Mill, known crars by the name of the EPHRATA PA-L, sixty-four feet by thirty-five, with a rat hed thereto, and the dry home on the second one engine and one vist, with a well of water

ALSO.—One tract of excellent woodland, containing eight, arras and ten perches, situate also on Cocaliso creek, which runs through the same, in the said township, lying about six miles from the former, up the creek. A further description of this estate is unnecessary, as those disposed to purchare will of course view the premoses.—They will please to call on either Heijamin or Jacob Konigmacher, who reside near the aforesaid property, and will show it to all those wishing to view the same. Possession will be given on the first day of April, 1879. A clear and indeputable title will be given to the purchaser or purchasers. The sale will be held at the public house of Joseph Nies, near Ephrata, on Monday, inc 20th day of September next. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale.

OBED FARNESTOCK,

GEORGE FAHNESTOCK, 8AMUEL FAHNESTOCK. August 5, 1828. Aug. 30—30*

INDIGESTION.

TMIN disease is one of the greatest rest of a city life. Whatever can constraint to remove it will always be anxionally constraint. The finite of the control of such a medicine will fine finite order of the remove it will not show the control of such a medicine will find these works greathed by applying to C. A booth, course of Atlen and Division streets. It is sufficient to the such as the control of the co

and Ferguson, Nary Annander Assessed, 19 ork, Ferguson, Nary Ann Merri, John 1984, Fernale by 19 Ann Merri, John 1984, 1 THE PEMALE'S SPECIFIC. THIS Medicine, the nexception

DR. CHAMBERS'

REMEDY FOR INTEMPERANCE.

BRWARE OF IMPOSTURE.

Fulfix almost incredibles success which Dr. Chambers'

Medicare has uset with in the curv of Intersperance, too brought forth many fraudricest instations of the court of the cour S15 South Second of RLL15 in MORALS, M Chemist e

PIRE PROOF DOORS,

REMOVAL P VAN PELT, Dentist, has presented to No. 117, He march 13-5m²

Brush and Bellows Manufactory. W HOLE SALE and retail, No. 253 Market Street, north side, between 6th and 7th streets, Philadelphia. april 19-6ms

To the Electors of the City and County of Philadelphia. Franciscophia.

In NN10N WILLIAMS, of Philadelphia, offers himself a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, and respectfully solicits your votes in his lawer, at the next enung general election.

700. 8th, 1828—tf

DE. BROWN'S PULMONARY SPECIFIC. Dit. BROWN'S celebrated Pulmonary Specific, for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Asthma, inc. for side at Frederick Ricti's wholesale and result drug store, morth-cast corner of Cellowhill and Second streets, Philad. price 73 may 34-6-fma.

BRUSH MANUFACTORY,

BRUSH MANUFACTORY,
No. 20 NORTH THIRD STREET.

THE Exhibit respectfully informs his Friends and the
Public generally, that he has removed his store from
No. 3 Decarut street, to No. 20 North Third street, searly
opposite Church a ley, where he still continues to manufacture Brushes of every description, which he often for sale
on the most reasonable terms, either for each or acceptance.
Country merchants and othese who drail in the article with
find it to their advantage in giving him a call, as his prices
are as most reasonable found in the city.
june 21-4f

MIERS BUSCH.

LAND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,

LAND INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
AND HOUSE OF
General Information, Office of Loans, &c.
WE have for the last three years been engaged in the Land, Letting, Agency, Commission,
Collecting, and Mercantile Intelligence Business, vis:—
For the sale of improved and unimproved Lands, Farms,
Ruilding Lets, Houses, &c. in all parts of the State,
the Union, and adjoining Territories, where owners and
where concerned in Lands, &c. can send a description
of their property, prices and terms of payment, to be
recorded in books kept for that purpose, and thereby
enable purchasers to acquire information respecting Real
Estate, and to effect sales if required; to act as Agent
for letting Houses, Stores, Farms, and other property;
to procure Menosy on Bond and Mortgage; to attend to
all Agencies connected with the different State Offices;
to make inquiries for Lands that have been sold by the
Comptroller for taxes that remain unpaid, and let the
owners know the result, if required, and the sum necessary to redeem the same; to act as agent in buying and
selling Merchandize, Household Furniture, Country
Produce, &c.; to procure Mechanic and, respectable
Mercantile situations for young-and middle-aged men,
from the Country and in the City; also, Partners in all
kinds of City business.

Persons wishing for necessary information on any of
the above, or any other kind of business, will please exclose us \$2, when the requisite information will be
promythy transmitted them; and on effecting a sale of
Country property, or an exchange, one per cent, will be
charged.

Persons wishing for situations in the city will please

charged.

Persons wishing for situations in the city will pleasenclose us 2 dollars, and as soon as we obtain such situations, immediate information will be transmitted them and 3 dollars more will be charged on their commencial business.

ations, immediate information will be enasted teems, and 3 dollars more will be charged on their commencing business.

For searching State Offices 2 dollars.

On effecting Loans on Mortgage, a reasonable commission will be charged.

Postage on every letter must be paid, or else no attention will be paid to the business; this rule will be strictly enforced in all cases. It will be always necessary to have correct maps of large tracts of land, left in the Office, that are registered for sale, &c.

There is no office in this City conducted upon the same principle and system as this; and it is the general opinion of our estizens and others, that it will be a great accommodation, not only to proprietors, but also to different local Land Agents in the various sections of the State, the Union and adjoining Territories, as well as all who may have business here. The local situation of this city, as being the most enterprising, and greatest scaport City in the Union, and where at all easons there is a great resort of persons, not only from all parts of the United States, but from every part of the globe-being the great thoroughfare from the east and the south, to the west and the north, seems to demand an establishment of this kind. We therefore hope our exertions and promptitude will meet with a commensurate support.

N. B. Young and middle-aged men, of education and talents, will at all times find lucrative situations and business. A member of Partners and Clerks are wanted to fill respectable Commercial vacarcies, Druggist sheeps, &c.

Also, five thousand men to work on the Canala, where

Also, five thousand men to work on the Canals, who Also, five tonesses, great wages are given.

DANIEL PALMER, Proprietor.

New York, July 15, 1828.

Aug. 2—Sm

TO PRINTERS.

THE following FOUNTS, in good order, and only half worn, may be had at low rates:
Pica 3 nick 526 lbs.
Small Pica 1 nick 594 lbs.
Pica 1 nick 640 lbs.
Brevier 3 nick 600 lbs. Brevier Greek 142 lb

Minon (with complete Dictionary sorts) 600 lbs.

A small fount of Great Primer and Script.

Apply at the Printing Office, No. 112 Chesnut street.

june 13—4f

J. S. RUSSELL'S

LAMP AND OIL STORE No. 68 CHESNUT STREET.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER
AT THE OFFICE OF THE S. E. POST

REMEDY FOR THE PILES.

I ME Subscriber is in possession of an infallible remedy for that distressing disease called the Piles. Nothing short of the importanty of numbers who have been completely cured by him, has overcome his reluctance to publish the article, with the view of informing the affisced his the article, with the view of informing the affisced in the article, and the view of informing the affisced complaint, which me has been an and sate remedy for this complaint, which me have to "I may be most distressing that "then is noted to "I may be informed in the public, that by calling on his agents, they an are certain cates which he believes will be nativated by an are certain cates which he believes will be nativated only thanks, and consider it a duty incumbent on me, to desire and advise you, for the benefit of the afflicted, publicly to make known to the world your "Dipanish Specific," and I give this certificate in inform them that I was severely afflicted for 14 years, and it had time employed many doctors, but to no purpose, and that time employed many doctors, but to no purpose, and that in September, 1844 I heard of your Specific, and by only MH 11. An arceed.

N. B. My agents in Philadelphia are Mo. M. Biddle, H. A. B. eck & Son, 248 North Front street.

Edwin T. Scott, 61 North Eighth street. jump 14—Sme.

A CARD.

Monday in October.

MR. WILLIAM E. ASHTON'S

INSTITUTION for YOUNG LADIES, No.
149 Chesnut street.

Mt. William E. Ashton respectfully informs his
friends and the public, that the duties of his Segminary
will be resumed on Monday, the 1st of September next.

He also tenders his most grateful acknowledgments
for the lawours he has already received, and assures his
patrons that no attention shall be wanting to scare their
future encouragement. His pupils will be instructed by
the most eminent Professors in all the branches that oonstitute a polite and ornamental education.

N. H. Hours of instruction from 8 o'clock, A. M. to
1. P. M. The afternoon will be devoted to the pursuit
of the Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French and Spanish
Languages; to Music and Drawing, and other ornamental parts of female education.

Mt. Daniel N. Ashton will conduct the preparatory

IMPERIAL BROKEN PAPER.

W. R.I.I. adapted for fine wrapping, for mis at the Of five of the faturday Evening Fost, No. 112 Chesmostrees.

July 19-uf

WANTED, SEVERAL young girls to learn the Tailoring bestmen. Inquire at the office of the Saturday Evening Port.

WATCHES, JEWELLERY

SAMUEL E BARTLESON

E. CORNER OF SECOND & PINE STREET The most feationable well made they a the thought of the most feationable well made BED3, of vanishing or quality and one of the country aver offered for sale on this country, they are not the country aver offered for sale on this country, they

R. S. RISLEY & CO. HAVE at their Store, No. 68 NORTH THIRD STREET, between Archand Cherry streets, a bundsome assument of RICH CUT and PLAIN GLASS FUR.
NITURE KNOBS, Rc. of every description, having erected a GLASS CUTTING FACTORY immediately back of the Stor-where GLASS of every description will be order, or sold on the most reasonable toward to order, or sold on the most reasonable toward with the order, or sold on the most reasonable toward with the order, or sold on the most reasonable toward with the order, or sold on the most reasonable toward with the order, or sold on the most reasonable toward with the order.



Philadelphia Suspender Manufactory, NO. 138 MARKET STREET,

AO. 1318 MARKET STREET,
A few Doors above Fourth street.

VAN HORN & PINM respectfully inform their friends
and the public generally, that they manufacture and
have constantly on hand at their store, as shore, a general
assortment of 50k, Worsted, and Cotton hungenders, Hunian
letta, 50k, Hair, and Patrent Leether Storek, vest Springs,
Cravat Stiffeners, Sc. all of which they will dispose of on
the most reasonable terms, wholesule and stail.

CJ' All kinds of Suspenders repaired.

may 31-119 may St-1yr

HOTEL ON A NEW PLAN. FURNISHED LODGING ROOMS may be had at the Tostine Coffee Bosse, Wall street, New York, at 37 1-2 cents the night, or 1 50 to 2 dollars

a week.

The house affords every convenience of a regular ho-tel—Meals are given at any time, from a bill of fare, and no charge but for what is ordered. Aug. 2—3m

STUMPS.

LI. Persons whose upper front teeth, which have been allowed to press one against another, and to fall into a rainous state of decay, and particularly d any of them are broken off, or near it; such persons would do well to apply to the Advertiser, and have Toeth fixed in the mouth upon the stumps, which can be done without pain. It is the best and cheapest say known, the way nearest to nature, and never injures the adjoining Teeth. The Advertiser writes daily in the Chronicle, upon the preservation of the Teeth, and publishes something new every Saturday, or every other Saturday.

Aug. 2—3m Office, No. 127 North Fourth street.

SOUTHERN PRATHURS. 8000 Wt. Frime Southern Feathers, pet up in make from 30 to 59 wt. to unit perfehance, which will be sold very low on application to SAMUKI, K. BARTILESON, fob 33-cf S. S. corner of Second and Fine times.

feb 13-ef S. E. corner of Se BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL. ANN COOPER.

RESPECTFULLY informs her Friends, that she has opened a SCHOOL, at the South East corner of Third and Wood streets, extrance from Wood. The course of instruction comprises the following branches:

Reading, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Eaglish Grammar, Geography with use of the Maps, Ancient and Modern History. Needlework, if required. For terms apply as above.

Aug. 23—61

W. J. BEDLOCK'S

ELECT School for Young Ladies, and BED-LOCK & YOUNG'S Select School for Boys, wit ecommence their duties on the 1st of September sext. No. 27 North Fifth street, Philadelphia. Aug. 25-6m

HAT CASE AND BAND BOL MANUFACTORY, No. 87 North Seventh street. A N assortment constantly on hand, made in the neatest manner, to order. July 26-5m°

PAPER WAREHOUSE. POTTER, No. 2 South Third street, up stairs, constantly on hand, at the manufacturer's piny of supply of Writing Paper, from 28 50 to 28 per ream. Letter Paper of various availities, 28 30 to 28 Printing Paper—Medium, Royal, Ruper-sysl. Imperial, Columbian, and Double Medium, From 28 75 to 27 re am; together with a great variety of Hanging, Wrapping, Luttery Liect, Folio Post, Map, Bank Note, and other Papers, Honnet Roards, &c. &c. Also, a constant supply of Standard SCHOOL BOOKS and STA 110NARY, at the most reduced prices.

CLOARS.

CLOARS.

Chied door below faceout street, on elegant assettment of Men's and Boy's Tactan and Camblet Ladice' Circausian, Tartan and Camblet CLOARS.

Children's Circausian and Tattan

The above comprise the most extensive assertment ever offered for sale in this city, and are well worthy the attention of country merchants and other purchasers.

Also, an elegant assortment of fine and superfine ingrain-July 19 4m

JACOB W. M'CURDY,

LADIES FANCY SHOE STORE, No. 179 Arch treet, second door above Fish.

PENPECTFULLY informs his triends and the public,
the that he constantly keeps a large assortment of Lodies',
Missee's, and Children's Boots and Shoes, of all colours and
descriptions, of his own manufacture, and patientiarly the
Freuch shape, which, hy having great experience in maising, he is conshid to assure those who may favour him with
their orders, that he can make so any pattern. He has give
an a constant supply of hore, which he can well as less as the
can be purchased in this city, to suit those who wis he put
chase cheap, and which he can warrant as being made of
the best materials.

A CARD.

A CARD.

A CARD.

A CARD.

A CARD.

WILLIAM E. ASHTONIS

NSTITUTION for YOUNG

1.49 Chesnut street.

M. WILLIAM E. ASHTONIS

NSTITUTION for YOUNG

1.49 Chesnut street.

M. WILLIAM E. ASHTONIS

NSTITUTION for YOUNG

1.49 Chesnut street.

M. Will.

M. Will. township, Che-ster sounty, Pa. 24 miles from Philade, phas. and 7 from Northetow; the astuation of the mile from Philade, phas. and 7 from Northetow; the astuation of the mile peculiarly advantageous for the merchant business, lying to the Schu, ki it, convenient to the canal, and the public oscillating from Lancaster to Fhindelphas, and calculated by a large business. For terms apply to the subscriber such the premises or to Juseph and Thomas Wood & Co. 80, 84 Market street.

JAMES WOOD, M. 81.

COPPER WARDHOUSE.

PRANCIS HARLEY, Sen. Coppersmit, 78 South Frost street, abuse Walnut, has constantly on hand of his war manufacturing, COPPER and BRAS AEF. LEX seleculated for washing, dury or preserving, hauerpans, for Kettles, 81 ELY of all kinds and WON NS, with a gusteria assortment of COPPEN WARK for domestic use. He here constantly on hand, Tra plates in boxes, Bisch Tin, Loud Specier, Wire of all sizes, Bischan, Black Lead Pois. 67c, 41 the very lowest prices.

Old metals bought, or taken in payment.

the rety lowest prices.

Mr. Daniel N. Ashton will conduct the preparatory repartment in a room convenient to the Seminary, on Aug. 30—3t

Aug. 30—3t

LARGE collection of Conacy, Stocking and Ref. A LARGE collection of County, Mecking and Red BIRDs, for sale at No. 175 Chrwy street, the first homes above Righth street.

AN IRON CHEST
OR SALE. Apply at the Office of the Sa turdey Ecre
ing Past, No. 11 Chemnat street.

May 31-1f

TO CARPENTERS AND BRICKLAYERS. FOR SALE, 30 Ladders. Inquies at they No. 20 Mar. P. par's Alley, tunning from beyond to Third about, in Fugue Ping and Lambard abouts. And Whe Whet

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